

SHIRE OF BOYUP BROOK
Annual Community Report



Music Fark Hail Storm October 20

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# 1.0 Statement of Compliance

For the year ended 30 June 2014

Residents and rate payers of the Shire of Boyup Brook,

in accordance with section 5.53 of the Local Government Act 1996, I hereby submit for your information, the Annual Report for the Shire of Boyup Brook for the financial year ended 30 June 2014.

The Annual Report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Local Government Act 1995, and Local Government (Administration) Regulations 1996.

Alan Lamb

Accountable Authority

30 January 2015

# 2.0 President's Report



It is with pleasure that I provide my report to you as your Shire President on the 2013/14 year.

The role of being your Shire President has included the privilege of annual attendance at Sandakan services in Sandakan, Malaysia, and hosting guests, from Sandakan and Australia, for the Boyup Brook Lions annual Sandakan Day services. Seeing the high level of significance afforded, by the Malaysian Government and Sandakan community, to this tragic event in our joint WW2 history, I believe there is a need to annual visits but see a continued need for Council to support the President and Councillors to attend. It is not easy to show a tangible with other dignitaries, at both the Sandakan and Boyup Brook services, does provide exposure for our Shire that should lead to continue to build on our relationship with this city, and continue to formally recognise the sacrifices of so many. I have self-funded my benefit for the annual expenditure, on both official visits to Sandakan and the annual Sandakan Day in Boyup Brook, however the interaction opportunities

than 51% of the total operating expenditure, and over 80% of capital expenditure, was directed to maintaining and improving the Shire's Council continues to focus the majority of its resources on infrastructure assets (roads, bridges, drainage and footpaths). In 2013/14 more infrastructure. To facilitate this focus, Council ensures the works teams have appropriate and serviceable plant and equipment, through it's long term plant replacement program, and has directed grant funds to depot improvements.

use on playing fields and the like. The plan was to tap into the 2013/14 regional portion of the funding, and Council had agreement from its The Royalties for Regions Country Local Government Fund (CLGF), part of the Royalties for Regions initiative, provided over \$320K of direct funding, each year, and the opportunity to be a part of regional initiatives. As reported previously, Council primarily utilised this funding opportunity to improve the towns drainage system and to do major works to town dams, in order to collect and retain more storm water for partner Councils to do so (just under \$1m), use the direct grant and apply the funds to a sewerage scheme for Boyup Brook. Unfortunately, this funding ceased in 2013/14 and so the project stalled.

partner committed \$15,000 to the project (Council leveraged \$30,000 from its \$15,000 contribution). The study was completed and presented to Council last year and we now have defendable detail and costs to better pursue funding for a sewerage scheme. Many residents will know that a sewerage scheme has been on the agenda for many years and so, whilst we will continue to push, it is unlikely to As I reported last year, Council focussed on getting projects ready to take advantage of future funding opportunities. To this end, Council partnered with the South West Development Commission (SWDC) and Landcorp, to fund a pre-feasibility study for a sewerage scheme. come to fruition in the short run,

project the BWGC has been working on, and had CLGF monies committed to, was a regional waste facility. The plan was to purchase the Council continues to work with the Bunbury Wellington Group of Councils (BWGC) on regional matters and this has enabled us to promote our needs, such as a sewerage scheme, more broadly, and with the support of the other 6 Councils in the group. One significant regional Shire of Dardanup landfill site, with grant funding, but the BWGC was not successful and it appears the site will be sold to another entity. The BWGC has been working with the SWDC, and other Councils in the southwest, on identifying an alternative site. Despite very good efforts by the Boyup Brook Lions over many years, the economics of dealing with small quantities of recyclables have forced the need to look at a regional approach and so in 2014/15 Council will take up its option to participate in a regional waste collection scheme developed by BWGC. This will include a recycling collection service in town and it may enable expansion of collection services to other areas.

metropolitan Councils over the next few years. The Minister for Local Government has announced, on a number of occasions, that he has his As I reported last year, the threat of amalgamations continues. The Government will be amalgamating, and adjusting boundaries, of hands full with the metro area changes and is unlikely to have any time to look at Country Local Governments in the current term of office. It is clear though that the matter is not off the agenda, and that it may just be a matter of time.

The year saw changes to Council membership. Councillor Eric Biddle resigned, an extraordinary election was held, and Councillor Norm Blackburn was elected. I take this opportunity to sincerely thank Eric for his dedication and service to the community, through his time on Council, and warmly welcome Norm to another stint on Council. My thanks to the Chief Executive Officer and staff for their hard work over the past year, and I am sure that people of the Shire are appreciative of their efforts, and standard of services are a compliment to them. Before closing, I would also like to sincerely thank all my fellow Councillors for their commitment, efforts, and involvement on all the issues which have come before Council during the last financial year, and for what we have before us for the 2014/15 year. I also record my thanks to my and their spouses, who help us fulfil our civic roles.

#### **Councillor Michael Giles**

#### Shire President

# 3.0 Operational Structure

The Western Australian Constitution (1889) recognises Local Government under section 52. Our constitution states that:

- The Legislature shall maintain a system of local governing bodies elected and constituted in such manner as the Legislature may from time to time provide.  $\mathcal{I}$
- Each elected local governing body shall have such powers as the Legislature may from time to time provide being such powers as the Legislature considers necessary for the better government of the area in respect of which the body is 9

to understand. The Act brought with it a degree of autonomy, and conveys general competence powers to local governments. At When developed, the Local Government Act 1995 (the Act) was written in contemporary style, and so is comparably more easy Ministerial approval that local governments can make decisions at a local level, and often this will be in consultation with their the same time, accountability is a feature of many areas of the Act. For example, for a number of local issues it is only with

Sections 2.7 through 2.10 of the Act define the roles of our Council (e.g. govern the local government's affairs), President, Deputy eadership and guidance to the community), while section 5.41 defines the functions of our CEO (e.g. advise the Council; cause President and Councillors (e.g. to represent the interests of the electors, ratepayers and residents of the district; and provide Council decisions to be implemented; and manage the day to day operations of the local government).

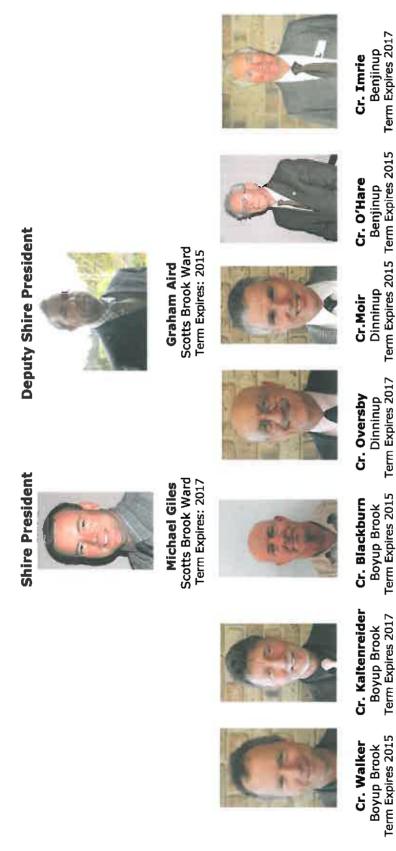
Note. Section 5.42 allows a local government to delegate the exercise of its powers to the CEO.



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# 3.1 Council (Elected Members) Structure

commencement of a new term of Council, Council elect the Shire President and Deputy President. Currently Council's structure is representatives); Dinninup to the north east (two representative); and Scotts Brook to the south (two representatives). At the The Shire comprises of four wards as follows: Benjinup to the north west (two representatives); Boyup Brook Townsite (three as follows:



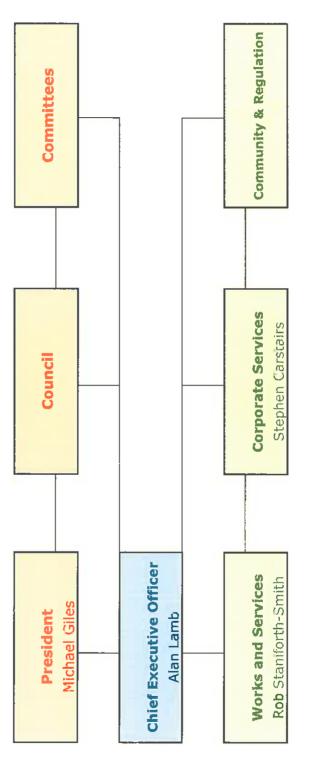
Cr. Biddle resigned during 2014, and in his stead Councillor (Norm) Blackburn was elected to represent Boyup Brook.

Council sets its meeting dates prior to the start of each calendar year and ordinary meetings are generally held on the third Thursday of each month (except where other factors make this impractical), excepting for January where no meeting is held.

### 3.2 Organisational Structure

With the resignation of Geoff Carberry (Manager Administration) early in 2014, the Shire Council's organisational structure took on its current format.

Table A - Organisational structure as at 01 July 2014



#### 3.3 Senior Executive

Officer, Alan has focused on improving the Local Government's sustainability through financial management and planning, and improving Alan Lamb (FLGMA, BBus, Dip LG (C), Dip LG (T)) joined the Shire of Boyup Brook in 2008. Since taking up the role of Chief Executive

Alan has 39 years experience in the Local Government sector, 31 of this at senior management level including 20 at CEO level. His Local Government work has included stints in the Metropolitan Area, Pilbara, Murchison, Great Southern, External Territories (he was the first CEO appointed by the newly formed Cocos (Keeling) Islands Shire Council for 4 years in the nineties), and now the South West. various stages, of his working life, he has held finance/management positions in transport, merchant banking and mining Rob Staniforth-Smith (BEng Civil, MIEAUST, CP ENG, Builders Reg, Dip Project Management) joined the Shire of Boyup Brook in 2011. Since joining the Shire, Rob has focussed on sourcing additional funding to increase the level of service on the Shires 1100km of roads plus increasing the amenity of the towns' parks and streetscapes.

Following Geoff Carberry's resignation, Rob took on the role of Building Management and is striving to get the level of maintenance on the Shires numerous buildings up to an acceptable level

redevelopment, Perth Convention and Exhibition Centre, and finishing up as Project Manager on the 178 million Perth Central Law Courts. Prior to his current role, Rob ran the family farm (2007-2010) and worked in management on High Rise Construction and commercial Projects for 18 years including management roles on Central Park, St John of God Hospital, Karrinyup and Morley Galleria Shopping Centres, East Perth Redevelopment, Subiaco Railway Tunnel, Subiaco Redevelopment, Fremantle Maritime Museum, Raffles

Stephen Carstairs (BSc Hons, Dip Company Director and Dip Accounting) joined the Shire of Boyup Brook in 2014. Since taking up the role of Director Corporate Services, Stephen has focused on financial compliance matters generally, with some emphasis on financial sustainability and integrated planning processes for local government.

Since joining the local government sector in 1999, Stephen has worked throughout the state including: the Shire's of Carnamah (Manager (Manager Corporate Services). Previous to this Stephen worked in the private sector, and for agencies including: The University of WA; Prior to his current role, Stephen served as Executive Manager Corporate Services at the Shire of Bridgetown-Greenbushes for 4 years. Finance) and Wiluna (Corporate Services Contractor); the Town of Port Hedland (Manager of Finance); and the Shire of Coolgardie Curtin University; Department of Agriculture and Food; and DEC.

# 4.0 Chief Executive Officer's Report & Overview



### 4.1 Chief Executive Officer's Report

It is with pleasure that I present this report on the 2013/14 Financial Year.

The resignation of a key employee, to take up a more senior position with another Council, facilitated the appointment of a Manager of Corporate Services. I formally welcome Stephen Carstairs to this new position. Town Planning services were reviewed during the year, and a new consultant engaged. I take this opportunity to thank Mr The decision to change was purely economic and I welcome Mr Adrian Nicoll as the Shire's new Town Planning adviser. Geoffrey Lush of TME for the many years of excellent Town Planning services he provided Council, the community and staff. Members of the community may remember Adrian from his time living in the Shire.

I take this opportunity to sincerely thank my fellow staff members who have maintained and improved the Shire's and kept the necessary back room operations (accounting/bookkeeping, depot maintenance, works planning, and the like) in order. I especially thank the Manager for Works, Mr Rob Staniforth Smith, and the Manager of Corporate Services, Mr Stephen infrastructure (roads, gardens, parks, facilities and the like), provided services (licensing, library, health/building/planning etc) Carstairs, for their tireless efforts and dedication.

the often difficult role as leader of the organisation. I also thank all Councillors for the good working relationship. Each year we I also thank the Shire President, Cr Michael Giles, who I have worked closely with, for his assistance and for his commitment to are faced with the need to further improve services and reduce costs, and a team approach is vital to the success of these

#### Alan Lamb

### CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

# 4.2 Overview of Agency's Plan for the Future

As local government in Western Australia (WA) is different to local government in other states, local government in Boyup Brook distinguishes itself from other Western Australian local governments. WA has the highest per capita expenditure in the country for law and order and public safety, and for recreation and culture, and is Contrasting with this, WA has the lowest per capita expenditure for housing, community amenities, substantially in ensuring that its community has quality health and medical services, and contemporary aged and community and general public services. Relative to most other Western Australian local governments, however, Boyup Brook invests second highest for transport.

Council has adopted both a Shire of Boyup Brook Strategic Community Plan 2013-23 and a Corporate Business Plan 2014-17, and together these plans comprise the shire's 'plan for the future' under the Local Government Act 1996.

# 4.2.1 Strategic Community Plan 2013-23

The Shire of Boyup Brook's Strategic Community Plan 2013-23 sets out the vision, aspirations and objectives of the community in our district so as to guide the work of the Council, and to define Council's role in 'Growing Our Community Together'

The Boyup Brook community's vision is for our shire to be a place:

- for people, with a sense of community, one that is active, vibrant, engaged and connected;
- that is safe and secure;
- that nurtures its youth and aging population, and retains its health and medical services; and
- This will be achieved through Council exercising its leadership and influence, and through Council collaboration, partnerships and that grows and has employment opportunities, through commercial diversity based on our comparative advantage.

Given that the Boyup Brook community is a growing and changing one, the Shire Council has determined to align the way it works so as to respond to the changing needs of our community. The strategic community plan has a strong focus on building closer collaboration and stronger partnerships with community service (e.g. not-for-profit clubs and associations) organisations, our empowerment, facilitation, coordination, and regulation.

neighbour local governments and industry agencies, and the State Government.

and medical services; contemporary aged and community housing; quality sport, recreation and landscaped facilities; that waste is Grants Program and its Community Development Services), and by providing: a sound road and footpath network; quality health The Council's focus is on strengthening and supporting the community through capacity building programs (e.g. the Community managed; library and licensing services; information; advice; and planning, building and environmental health regulation.

and carers, and children and the early years. These are all valued members of our community who rely on the services, facilities building a stronger and more cohesive community. The Council will continue to focus on supporting our aged, youth, volunteers By strengthening good governance (local leadership), the Council improves the way it works with community service groups in and support of the Shire Council.

diverse range of community interests. During 2013-14 the Shire's Community Grants Program distributed \$58,226 to community The Council provides funding to more than 20 community organisations (including clubs, our schools and agencies), to support a organisations in the district, and see Appendix 1. Our strategic community plan identifies five outcome areas to focus (focal areas) the energy and expertise of Councillors and shire employees to achieve the following:

1 Social. That our people will have a 'sense of community'.

That our natural environment will be 'preserved and sustained'. 2 Natural Environment.

That our people will have 'enhanced lifestyle choices'. 3 Built Environment. That 'business and employment opportunities will be maximised': 4 Economic Development.

5 Governance. That 'local leadership will be strengthened'.

## 4.2.2 Corporate Business Plan 2014-17

the business plan (and also see section 6.0 Agency Performance in this report), express the administration's reference to the Shire Boyup Brook's Corporate Business Plan 2014-17 sets out, in a way consistent with priorities identified in the strategic community plan, the Shire Council's priorities for dealing with the objectives and aspirations of the community. Further, priority outcomes in Council's capacity to resource (asset manage, human resource manage, and finance manage) its operations.

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# 5.0 Performance Management Framework

# 5.1 Toward an Outcome Based Management Framework

Regulations 22.(1) Form and content of annual budget and 34.(3) Financial activity statement required each month and Schedule 1 of the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996, are very prescriptive about how local governments may go about presenting information in budgets and making progress reports on performance against those budgets. The community's 5 broader focal areas and 11 specific outcomes were actioned through 9 services programs. Schedule 1 identifies 11 (service) programs, and for simplicity three of them (Governance, General Purpose Funding, and Other Property and Services) were combined in the (Leadership &) Governance service program (and refer to the table below).

Focal Area Focus 1:	Social	<b>→</b> ×	N ×	S m ×	, 4 ×	Prog	Service Programs 3 4 5 6 7 X X	00 ×	<b>o</b> ×	Outcomes  1.1 Community needs for services and facilities are met. 1.2 Sustainable Community.
Focus 2:	Natural Environment	×					×			2.1 Preserved and enhanced natural environment. 2.2 Sustainable resources.
Focus 3:	Built Environment	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	
Focus 4:	Economic Development	×					×   ×		×	4.1 Economic Growth. 4.2 Increased visitors and residents.
Focus 5:	(Leadership &) Governance	×								5.1 Council and Community leadership. 5.2 Sustainable governance.

#### Service Programs

- 1. (Leadership &) Governance
- 2. Law Order & Public Safety
- 3. Health
- 4. Education & Welfare
- 5. Housing
- 6. Community Amenities
- 7. Recreation & Culture
- 8. Transport
- 9. Economic Services

Management Regulations and the Shire's Strategic Community Plan, and is the framework to which this annual report presents the performance of the local government. Going forward, a revised OBM framework will be implemented which includes effectiveness This attempted Outcome Based Management (OBM) framework represents a combining of the frameworks of the Financial as well as service indicators.

### 6.0 Performance

## 6.1 Overview of Agency's Performance

The local government's 2013–14 funding was allocated to 9 (operational) service areas. The key financial indicators are presented below with a summary of the results for the Shire's efficiency indicators. The remainder of this chapter describes from the Shire's Corporate Business Plan, the noteworthy achievements and initiatives of the local government.

Key Financial Indicators in 2013-14	Actual (\$'000)	Budget (\$'000)
Total (operating) cost of services	6,507	5,224
Net (operating) cost of services **	715	-639
Total Equity	82,989	88,690
Revenue from Rates	-2,128	-2,131

\*\* A negative value indicates a surplus to costs

### Efficiency Indicator Summary

(ABS) 2011 census provided the number of families in Boyup Brook (444 families), and to it was added an estimate for lone person The summary results for the local government's efficiency indicators are presented over page. The Australian Bureau of Statistics' households in our district (148 single households, as per the WA Planning Commission 2009).

				Focal Areas			2013-14	2013-14
Service		<b>H</b>	8	m	4 ro	KPI	Actual	Budget
Service 1:	Leadership & Governance	×	×	×	×	Average Cost (inc depreciation) per Family	\$656	\$936
Service 2:	Law Order & Public Safety	×		×		je.	\$247	\$292
Service 3:	Health	×		×		相動:	\$1,386	\$1,133
Service 4:	Education and Welfare	×		×		*	\$242	\$208
Service 5:	Housing			×		1 67	\$298	\$103
Service 6:	Community Amenities			×	×	疆	\$522	\$549
Service 7:	Recreation & Culture		×	×	×	£.	\$1,336	\$1,177
Service 8:	Transport	×		×		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$5,679	\$3,358
Service 9:	Economic Services	×		×	×	Average Cost (inc depreciation) per Family	\$627	\$1,065
	Rates Raised					Average Cost Calculated on a per Family Basis	\$3,595	\$3,600
	Funding from other Sources					Average Funds Calculated on a per Family Basis	\$3,071	\$2,397
	Depreciation					Average Calculated on a per Family Basis	\$4,326	\$2,826
Focal Areas 1. Social	i 1. Social					4. Economic Development		
	2. Natural Environment					5. (Leadership &) Governance		
	3. Built Environment							

### 6.2 Strategic Focus Areas

### 6.2.1 Focus Area 1 - Social

# Vision: Building a Sense of Community

Building a sense of community is central to the Shire of Boyup Brook's future. The Shire of Boyup Brook focus is developing an active, vibrant, safe, caring and secure community, including access to services and facilities that meet our requirements.

#### **Shire Goals**

⇒ Improve community safety.

 $\Rightarrow$  Strengthen community participation, interactions and connections

⇒ Build and strengthen an active and vibrant community.

#### Objective 1.1

# Build community participation, interactions and connections.

PRIORITY		NOTES	LTPLIMKAGE	1017-21102	Actions 2013-14, plan for 2014-15
	1.1.1	Assist Boyup Brook Tourism Association implement Tourism Strategy to enhance promotion of local tourist attractions & events.	Section 8.10.1 – Operations – Tourism & Area Promotion	\$15,000	Included in the 2013-14 budget – contributions made to Associations. Provision made in the 2014-15 budget.
Engagement with community in promotion of Boyup Brook.	1.1.2		Section 8,10,1 – Operations – Tourism & Area Promotion		See Action 4.3.3
	1.1.3	Develop policy to support and fund the implementation of a grant program to support events and community activities.	Section 8.2.1 – Operations – Members of Council	\$1,000	Not included in the 2013-14 budget – Council has an existing policy that will be reviewed as part of a policy review process.

	1.1.4	Conduct Thank a Volunteer Day Morning Tea and promote volunteering.	Section 8.2.1 – Operations – Members of Council	0\$	Plan provides for this activity to commence in 2014-15 and provision made in that year's budget.
Increase Volunteer Support	1.1.5	Provide administrative support to Chief Bush Fire Control Officer and Local fire brigades in the delivery of fire control services.	Section 8.3.1 – Operations – Fire Prevention	\$39,011	\$39,485 (Administration allocation) Included in the 2013- 14 budget and \$38,885 provided for in the 2014-15 budget.
	1.1.6	Conduct Annual Fire Brigade Debrief function to foster and develop volunteer participation in local brigades.	Section 8.3.1 – Operations – Fire Prevention	\$1,000	Included in the 2013-14 budget and in the 2014-15 budget.
Develop a Regional Aging Strategy in partnership with other local governments in the region.	1.1.7	Continue to work with the SWDC and the Bunbury-Wellington Group of Councils on the development of an Aging Strategy for the Region.	Section 8.5.1 – Operations Aged and Disabled	\$9,236	Council commissioned a Boyup Brook Aged Housing Plan, Boyup Brook Aged Friendly Community Study and a Boyup Brook Age Friendly Report, with State Government funding support, and received these in June 2013. Provision was made in the 2013-14 budget for an Administration allocation to this Priority and \$9,720 in 2014-15. The 2014-15 budget also contains provision for an aged

Objective 1.2

### **Enhance Youth Services**

PRIORITY		ACTION	LTFP	2018-314	Actions 2013-14, plan for 2014-15
Expand Operation of youth		Expand hours of Youth Officer to meet demand for	Section 8.5.1 – Operations		Officer resigned and was not replaced immediately.
services.	1.2.1	youth programs and		\$24,400	
		facilities.			
Investigate collocation of		Examine collocation of	Section 8.2.1 -		Traditional to the COC onto the colored to the colo
youth centre with sporting	122	youth centre with sporting 1,2,2 youth centre at sporting	Operations –	430,000	Continued III the ZOIS-I4 budget - this is part of the
facilities	7.7.7	complex as part of	Members of	900,000	Aco, ood   Sporting Facilities platining project that stailed during
_		Sporting Precinct Plan.	Council		the year, funding carried forward to 2014-15.

Objective 1.3

Develop a safe, secure community.

PRIORITY		ACTION	LTFP	2013-14	Actions 2013-14, plan for 2014-15
	1.3.1	Liaise with OIC of local Police Station on the practicalities of increasing administrative staffing at Boyup Brook Police Station.	Section 8.11.1 – Operations Administration	\$500	Not specifically included in the 2013-14 budget – part of the Administration costs, entailed periodic discussions with the local OIC. Not a part of the current WAP model to have manned stations, instead Police are more mobile and contactable via radio etc.
access to Police services.	1.3.2	Lobby Minister for Police, Shadow Minister for Police and local member of Parliament on the need for increased administrative staffing at Boyup Brook Police Station.	Section 8.11.1 – Operations Administration	Ongoing	This task was set as an ongoing matter that should be raised when and where appropriate/possible. The matter was not raised by Administration at a political level.
Advocate for improved hazard reduction in state forests, national parks and road reserves.	1.3.3	Lobby Minister for Parks and Wildlife, Shadow Minister and local member of Parliament on the need for a strategic approach to hazard reduction in state forest and national parks within the Shire of Boyup Brook.	Section 8.11.1 - Operations Administration	Ongoing	This task was set as an ongoing matter that should be raised when and where appropriate/possible. The matter was raised as part of the hazard reduction pilot project.

Objective 1.4

Ensure access to services and facilities as needs change within the community.

PRIORITY		ACTION	LTFP	2013-14	Actions 2013-14, plan for 2014-15
Develop and implement service plans that detail aim of service, level and frequency of service, and partnerships required to deliver services	1.4.1	Prepare service plans for key services detailing aim of service, level and frequency of service and partnerships required to deliver services.	Section 8.11.1 – Operations Administration	0\$	Not funded in 2013-14, Plan provides for funding in 2016-17
A decorate for any order	1.4.2	Develop lobby strategy for 1.4.2 retention and improvement to health & education services.	Section 8.11.1 – Operations Administration	0\$	Not funded in 2013-14, Plan provides for funding in 2014-15.
improvement to health, medical and education services.	1.4.3	Implement lobby strategy for health & education services via State and Commonwealth Government meetings with relevant departmental agencies and Ministers/Shadow Ministers.	Section 8.2.1 – Operations Members of Council	0\$	Not funded in 2013-14, Plan provides for ongoing implementation from 2015-16
Advocate for improved banking services.	1.4.4	Monitor bank and bank agency service in town and apply political and Council business pressure to resist any mooted reduction to banking services,	Section 8.11.1 – Operations Administration	Ongoing	This task was set as an ongoing matter that should be raised when and where appropriate/possible.

# 6.2.2 Focus Area 2 – Natural Environment

# Vision: Preserve and Sustain our Natural Environment

Preserving and enhancing our natural environment is a key aspect to the Shire of Boyup Brook's future to retain its 'river and forest' identity. The Shire will focus on valuing natural resources, managing use of water and energy.

#### **Shire Goals**

- ⇒ Maintain and preserve the natural environment, enhancing the 'river and forest' experience of Boyup Brook.
  - $\Rightarrow$  Sustain and promote the natural environment through the use of green energy solutions.

### Objective 2.1 Maintain the natural environment

PRIORITY		ACTION	LTFP	2013-14	Actions 2013-14, plan for 2014-15
Beautification of parklands and gardens, utilising native species.	2.1.1	Prepare Reserve highlighting key parks gardens for landscaping des	e Plan Section 8.2.1 – parks and Operations – ing design. Members of Council	\$20,000	\$20,000 preliminary planning done and will be used as the template for future planning. Project funded for further work in 2014-15.



Objective 2.2 Support the use of sustainable, renewable resources.

PRIORITY		ACTION		2013-14	Actions 2013-14, plan for 2014-15
	2.2.1	2.2.1 Develop Policy position on how Council will support the use of sustainable and renewable resources.	Section 8.11.1 – Operations – Administration	\$1,500	No specific provision included in the 2013-14 budget - No policy developed as yet but is to be included in the policy review process.
Support the use of sustainable and renewable resources.	2.2.2	Undertake water efficiency audit on Council operational areas that are major water consumers and identify practical water efficiency measures for implementation.	Section 8.11.1 – Operations – Administration	\$0	Not funded in 2013-14, Plan provides for funding in 2014-15.
	2.2.3	2.2.3 Undertake energy efficiency audit on Council operational areas that are major electricity consumers and identify practical energy efficiency measures for implementation.	Section 8.11.1 – Operations - Administration	0\$	Not funded in 2013-14, Plan provides for funding in 2014-15.

# 6.2.3 Focus Area 3 – Built Environment Vision: Enhanced Lifestyle Choices

including local roads, parks, reserves and facilities will meet the future needs of the growing community, and create employment The shire will focus on enhancing the town through improved streetscaping and infrastructure. The shire will focus on land-use, opportunities through commercial and industrial land-use.

#### **Shire Goals**

⇒ Improve road infrastructure. Objective 3.1

## Beautification of community spaces

PRIORITY		ACTION	LTFP	2013-14	Actions 2013-14, plan for 2014-15
Develop and implement landscaping/ streetscaping plan	3.1.1	Develop a Landscaping/ Street scaping Strategy for the entire town, with a specific themed approach for the Main Street.	Section 8.11.1 – Operations – Administration	0\$	Not funded in 2013-14, Plan provides for funding in 2017-18.
Develop and implement an	3.1.2	Examine active and passive recreation 3.1.2 parklands as part of Sporting Precinct Plan.	Section 8.2.1 – Operations – Members of Council		See Action 1.2.2
active and passive recreation parklands strategy.	3.1.3	Cost active and passive parklands requirements from Sporting Precinct Plan & develop priority works projects listing for inclusion in the LTFP and CBP.	Section 8.8.1 – Operations Other Recreation & Sport	0\$	Not funded in 2013-14, Plan provides for funding in 2014-15.

Objective 3.2 Strengthen road safety and local infrastructure

PRIORITY		ACTION	LTEP	2012.14	Actions 2012, 14 wise for 2014, 15
	3.2.1	Update existing Road asset management plan by undertaking collection of road inventory and condition data collection.	Section 8.9.1 – Operations Transport	0\$	Not funded in 2013-14, Plan provides for funding in 2017-18.
Develop and implement asset management plans for roads, footpaths, and buildings & structures.	3.2.2	Update existing Building & Structures Asset Management Plan by undertaking collection of more specific data relating to component works required for financial modelling purposes.	Section 8.11.1 -Operations Administration	0\$	Not funded in 2013-14, Plan provides for funding from 2014-15.
	3.2.3	Collect paths inventory and condition data for footpath network and prepare asset management plan.	Section 8.9.1 – Operations Transport	0\$	Not funded in 2013-14, Plan provides for funding from 2014-15.
Investigate and implement	3.2.4	Investigate contemporary road maintenance and construction techniques that will extend the life of road assets.	Section 8.9.1 – Operations - Transport	0\$	Not funded in 2013-14, Plan provides for funding in 2017-18.
maintenance and construction techniques, particularly on school bus routes and commodity routes.	3.2.5	Undertake review of road maintenance and construction operations and deliver training programs to facilitate implementation of applicable contemporary road maintenance and construction techniques.	Section 8.9.1 - Operations - Transport	0\$	Not funded in current Plan however has been actioned as part of on going , continual improvement.

Advocate for reduced restrictions relating to control of road vegetation.  Advocate for reduced restrictions relating to control of road vegetation.  3.2.6 registration via WALGA Country Zone and location of existing labeled access in town need for additional bays.  Investigate the expansion of street lighting.  Continue to pursue reduced restrictions relating to control of road vegetation.  3.2.6 reduced restrictions relating to control of road vegetation via WALGA Operations - control of road vegetation.  Section 8.2.1						The state of the s
educed restrictions relating to control of road string to control of road setation.  S.2.6 vegetation via WALGA Operations – Country Zone and Local Governance Member of Parliament.  Prepare report on number and location of existing and disabled parking bays in town need for additional bays.  S in town need for additional bays.  Continue to address gopher Section 8.11.1 \$2,000 and the assessed Administration need for additional bays.  Continue to address gopher Section 8.9.1 – Ongoing Transport  Continue to address gopher Section 8.11.1 basis  Continue to address gopher Section 8.11.1 and disabled basis  Expansion of Expansion requirements Administration and include costs in LTFP.	PRIORITY		ACTION	LTFP	2013-14	Actions 2013-14, plan for 2014-15
sin town and disabled parking bays in town and disabled parking bays in town and the assessed Administration need for additional bays.  Continue to address gopher Section 8.9.1 – Ongoing basis  Continue to address gopher Section 8.9.1 – Ongoing basis  Continue to address gopher Section 8.9.1 – Ongoing basis  Continue to address gopher Section 8.9.1 – Ongoing basis  Undertake audit of street Section 8.11.1 expansion of ighting in town, cost Coperations – Operations – Op	Advocate for reduced restrictions relating to control of road vegetation.	3.2.6	Continue to pursue reduced restrictions relating to control of road vegetation via WALGA Country Zone and Local Member of Parliament.	Section 8.2.1 – Operations – Governance	0\$	Not funded in current Plan however, President has regularly, and strongly, perused this matter at Zone meetings, with Political representatives and State Government officers.
Continue to address gopher Section 8.9.1 – Ongoing access on a case by case Operations – Dasis Transport Section 8.11.1   Ighting in town, cost expansion requirements and include costs in LTFP.	Implement improved disabled access in town (gopher access and disabled	3.2.7	Prepare report on number and location of existing disabled parking bays in town and the assessed need for additional bays.	Section 8.11.1 - Operations - Administration	\$2,000	No specific provision included in the 13/14 budget – position on parking spaces reported to Council and new marking works completed. This work included disabled bays in streets and at the Town Hall parking area.
expansion of 3.2.9 lighting in town, cost expansion requirements and include costs in LTFP.	parking).	3.2.8	Continue to address gopher access on a case by case basis	Section 8.9.1 – Operations – Transport	Ongoing	The new parking bay marking included exclusion points at pram ramps.
	Investigate the expansion of street lighting.	3.2.9	Undertake audit of street lighting in town, cost expansion requirements and include costs in LTFP.	Section 8.11.1 - Operations - Administration	\$0	Not funded in 2013/14, Plan provides for funding from 2015/16.

#### Objective 3.3

# Enhanced refuse and recycling opportunities

PRIORITY		ACTION	LTFP	2013-14	Actions 2013-14, plan for 2014-15
Investigate the expansion of the Shire's refuse collection service.	3.3.1	Prepare feasibility study on expansion of waste collection service including service delivery options and estimated cost per service.	Section 8.11.1 – Operations – Administration	0\$	Not funded in 2013-14, Plan provides for funding in 2014-15. Moving to a regional collection service in 2015/16 that should offer more scope.
Examine potential to introduce free waste transfer station vouchers as part of 3.3.2 annual refuse collection service.	3.3.2	Prepare feasibility study on introduction of free waste Section 8.11.1 transfer station vouchers Operations – including funding options Administration for additional costs.	Section 8.11.1 – Operations – Administration	0\$	Not funded in 2013-14, Plan provides for funding in \$0 2014-15.

#### Objective 3.4

### Create land use capacity for Industry

PRICHITY		ACTION	LIFP LINKAGE	70010101017	Actions 2013-14, plan for 2014-15
Review land-use planning to ensure commercial and industrial opportunities are maximised.	3.4.1	Finalise Local Planning Strategy and Town Planning Scheme Review and ensure there is adequate zoning provision for commercial and industrial land.	Section 8.7.1 – Operations – Town Planning & Regional Development	\$24,000	Included in the 2013-14 budget – Both have been completed, have been before Council and are now with the WAPC.
Advocate for provision of sewerage solutions to permit more intensive land use in town.	3.4.2	Work with South West Development Commission (SWDC), Landcorp and local 3.4.2 member to prepare design study on cost effective sewerage solution to permit more intensive land use. Advocate and lobby for funding to construct sewerage solution via State Government meetings with relevant departmental agencies and Ministers/Shadow Ministers.	Section 8.2.1 – Operations Members of Council Section 8.2.1 – Operations Governance	\$15,000	Not included in the 2013-14 budget but funded by Council with a budget amendment – Matching funds gained, tender for works progressed, tender awarded and project underway. Project time line has the report to Council in October2014.  Not funded in current Plan however, has been actioned at every opportunity.

Objective 3.5

Facilitate affordable and diverse housing options

NORITY		ACTION	LTFP LINKAGE	
Review land-use planning to provide housing and land size choices.	3.5.1	Prepare reviews of Local Planning Strategy and town Planning Scheme and ensure there is adequate zoning provision for a range of housing and land choices are available.	Section 8.7.1 – Operations – Town Planning & Regional Development	See Action 3.4.1
Develop a range of aged accommodation opportunities.	3.5.2	Continue to work with the SWDC and the Bunbury-Wellington Group of Councils on the development of an Aging Strategy for the Region, including aged accommodation.	Section 8.5.1 – Operations Welfare- Aged and Disabled	See Action 1.1.7

# 6.2.4 Focus Area 4 – Economic Development

Maximise Business and Employment Opportunities Vision:

The economy will thrive through diversifying business and employment opportunities, through attracting industrial and commercial opportunities for the growing community, by actively supporting all local businesses.

#### **Shire Goals**

 $\Rightarrow$  Build the economic base through diversification and actively supporting local businesses. Objective 4.1

### Build and support new businesses.

PRICETTY		ACTION	LTEP LINKAGE	2013-14	Actions 2013-14, plan for 2014-15
Encourage new businesses	4.1.1	Develop Policy position on incentives Council will offer 4.1.1 to attract new business to the district.	Section 8.10.1 – Operations Economic Development	0\$	Not funded in 2013-14, Plan provides for funding in 2014-15.
through Information, incentives and land-use provision.	4.1.2	Prepare reviews of Local Planning Strategy and town Planning Scheme and ensure there is adequate zoning provision for commercial and industrial land.	Section 8.7.1 – Operations Town Planning & Regional Development		See Action 3.4.1
Advocate for new business start-up support.	4.1.3	Continue partnership with Business Enterprise Centre and obtain agreed service levels regarding support provided to small businesses.	Section 8.10.1 – Operations Economic Development	\$0	Not funded in 2013-14, Plan provides for funding from 2014-15.
Examine potential for buy local campaign supported by local price preference policy.	4.1.4	Engage with local businesses on opportunities, strategies and incentives for development of a buy local campaign.	Section 8.10.1 – Operations Economic Development	0	Not funded in 2013/14, Plan provides for funding in 2014/15.

Objective 4.2

### **Promote Commercial Centre**

PRIORITY		ACTION	ENF.P	2013-14	Actions 2013-14, plan for 2014-15
Investigate development of the	4.2.1	Engage with Country Music Club, as part of the Sporting Precinct Planning, on a long term vision for Music Park.			See Action 1.2.2
music park,	4.2.2	Assist Country Music Club develop feasibility study on development of Music Park	Section 8.11.1 – Operations Administration	0\$	Not funded in 2013-14, Plan provides for funding in 2015-16.
Develop and implement Street/landscaping plan.	4.2.3	Develop a Landscaping/Street scaping Strategy for the entire town, with a specific themed approach for the Main Street.			See Action 3.1.1
Investigate options to encourage owners of business houses to renovate shop frontages.	4.2.4	Develop Policy position on incentives Council will offer existing business houses to renovate shop frontages.	Section 8.2.1 – Operations Governance	0\$	Not funded in 2013-14, Plan provides for funding in 2014-15.



#### Objective 4.3

### **Develop Tourism Industry**

Support tourism capability through events, fairs, arts, produce, history and cultural experiences.		Continue to financially support the Boyup Brook Tourism Association in promotion of the district. Continue to financially support local community organisations in coordination and promotion of local events.	Section 8.10.1 – Operations – Tourism & Area Promotion Section 8.2.1 – Operations Members of Council	\$42,176	See Action 1.1.1  Included in the 2013-14 budget. Operating contribution to the Tourism Association, operating costs associated with the Association's premises, and donation of one day per week of the CDO. Also, annual support for the local rodeo event and the Country Music Club's annual event. Provided for in the 2014/15 budget.
4	4.3.3	Officer position.	Tourism & Area Promotion	\$82,300	Included in the 2014-15 budget.

#### Objective 4.4

### **Attract Permanent Residents**

PRIORITY		ACTION	LTFP	2013-14	Actions 2013-14, plan for 2014-15
Promote the family friendly lifestyle of Boyup Brook.	4.4.1	Continue TV advertising campaign to promote the lifestyle available in Boyup Brook.	Section 8.10.1 – Operations Tourism & Area Promotion	\$0	Not funded in 2013-14, Plan provides for funding \$0 from 2014-15.



# **6.2.5** Focus Area 5 – Governance Vision: Strengthen Local Leadership

engaging and listening to community, advocating on the community behalf, be accountable and manage within governance The Shire will focus on sustainability through leadership and regional partners, making informed resource decisions, and legislative framework.

#### **Shire Goals**

⇒ Strong leadership, governance and planning that makes the best use of our physical, financial and human resources. Objective 5.1

# Provide Leadership on behalf of the Community

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PRIORITY		ACTION	LIFF	2013-14	Actions 2013-14, plan for 2014-15
Lobby and advocate for improved services, infrastructure and access.	5.1.1	Continue to maintain political relationship with local member, South West Development Commission and other political affiliations	Section 8.11.1 – Operations – Administration	Ongoing	Council and CEO have continued to foster strong and good relationships and ensure periodic interaction.
Advocate for the regional strengthening of health and education services.	5.1.2	Continue to lobby for retention and improvement to health & education 5.1.2 services.	Section 8.11.1 - Operations - Administration	Ongoing	Council and CEO have continued make these (especially the retention of the Hospital) a major focus of discussions with relevant politicians and bureaucrats.
Develop partnerships with stakeholders to enhance community services and infrastructure.		5.1.3 Coordinate meetings with local police and State Government agencies to discuss local issues of importance on an as needs basis.	Section 8.11.1 – Operations Administration	Ongoing	The CEO met with relevant people as and when possible/appropriate. Sewerage, Hospital and aged accommodation were the major services pushed. Others included mobile phone services, electricity supply services in town, regional waste initiatives, water supply services in town, and the like.

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### Foster Community Participation and Collaboration Objective 5.2

PRIORITY		ACTION	LTFP LINKAGE	2013-14	Actions 2013-14, plan for 2014-15
Develop a community	5.2.1	Prepare community engagement policy that details the level of engagement that will be undertaken with the community on all matters.	Section 8.11.1 – Operations – Administration	\$0	Not funded in 2013-14, Plan provides for funding in 2014-15.
engagement strategy and provide opportunities for community participation.	5.2.2		Section 8.10.1 – Operations Community & Economic Development.	0\$	Not funded in 2013-14, Plan provides for funding in 2014-15.
Support volunteers and encourage community involvement.	5.2.3	Host annual Thank a Volunteer Morning Tea and promote widely.	Section 8.10.1 – Operations Community & Economic		See Action 1.1.4

Objective 5.3

### Manage Resources Effectively

PRIORITY				
C L	ACTION	LTFP	2013-14	Actions 2013-14, plan for 2014-15
1.5.0	Undertake annual review of Long Term Financial Plan and review actual performance against that forecast.	Section 8.11.1 – Operations – Administration	\$	Not funded in 2013-14, Plan provides for funding from2014-15.
5.3.2 Develop and maintain	Update existing Road asset management plan by undertaking collection of road inventory and condition data collection.			See Action 3.2.1
strategic intalicial plan and asset management plans to inform decisions.	Update existing Building & Structures Asset Management Plan by undertaking collection of more specific data relating to component works required for financial modelling purposes.			See Action 3.2.2
5.3,4	Collect footpath inventory and condition data for footpath network and prepare asset management plan.			See Action 3,2,3
Develop and implement service plans that detail aim of service, level and frequency of service, and partnerships required to deliver service.	Prepare service plans for key services detailing aim of service, level and frequency of service and partnerships required to deliver services.			See Action 1.4.1

PRIORITY		ACTION	LTFP	2013-14	Actions 2013-14, plan for 2014-15
	5.3.6	Develop and implement Annual Compliance Checklist.	Section 8.11.1 – Operations Administration	\$3,000	No specific provision included in the 2013-14 budget -Arranged to be done, as part of the four yearly Financial Management review, in October 2014.
	5.3.7	Compliance Audit.	Section 8.11.1 Operations Administration	\$3,000	No specific provision included in the 201314 budget – Completed internally on an annual basis.
	5.3.8	Undertake Financial Management Review once every 4 years	Section 8.11.1 – Operations Administration	0\$	Not funded in 2013-14, Plan provides for funding in 2014/15.
Ensure governance and legislative requirements are met.	5.3.9	Undertake Risk, Internal Control and Legislative Compliance Review once every 2 years (Audit Reg 17).	Section 8.11.1 – Operations Administration	0\$	Not funded in 2013-14, Plan provides for funding from 2014-15.
	5.3.10	Complete reviews of local laws.	Section 8.11.1 – Operations Administration	\$10,000	Included in the 2013-14 budget – Commenced and will be completed in 2015-16.
	5.3.11	Complete annual review of delegations.	Section 8.11.1 – Operations Administration	\$1,500	Included in the 2013-14 budget -review completed to Council.
	5.3.12	Undertake review of Strategic Community Plan.	Section 8.11.1 – Operations Administration	0\$	Not funded in 2013-14, Plan provides for funding in 2015-16.

#### Objective 5.4

### **Develop Workforce Capability**

PRIORITY		ACTION	LTFP	2013-14	Actions 2013-14, plan for 2014-15
Develop workforce plan. Ensures human resources are available and future skill requirements are identified	5.4.1	5.4.1 Undertake annual review of workforce plan that meets statutory requirements.	Section 8.11.1 – Operations – Administration	0\$	Not funded in 2013-14, Plan provides for funding from 2014-15.

# 7.0 Legislative Environment

# 7.1 Administered Legislation - Local Laws

As at 30 June 2014 the following legislation was administered by the Shire of Boyup Brook:

- Activities in Thoroughfares and Public Places and Trading Local Law;
- Bush Fire Brigades Local Law;
- Cemetery Local Law;
- Dogs Local Law;
- Local Laws Relating to Fencing;
- Health Local Laws;
- Local Government Property Local Law;
- Parking and Parking Facilities Local Law;
- Standing Orders Local Law

# 7.2 Significant Legislation Relevant to Local Government

Local Governments operate in a complex legislative environment. In performing much of its functions, the shire adheres with the following relevant laws:

- Bush Fires Act 1954;
- Caravan Parks and Camping Grounds Act 1995;
- Cat Act 2011;
- Cemeteries Act 1986;
- Control of Vehicles (Off-road) Act 1978;
- Dog Act 1976;
- Environmental Protection Act 1986;
- Fire and Emergency Services Authority of Western Australia Act 1998;
- Health Act 1911;
- Local Government Act 1995;
- Main Roads Act 1930; and
- Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery Act 2007.

# 7.3 Regulatory Reporting Requirements

Listed below is the Shire's performance against some of the more prominent legislative requirements.

### 7.3.1 Elected Members Conduct

In the financial year ending 2013-14 no complaints were recorded under section 5.121 of the Local Government Act 1995 as they relate to Elected Members' conduct.

# 7.3.2 Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996

The CEO is required to undertake reviews of the appropriateness and effectiveness of the financial management systems and government. The last such a review was completed in 2010-11 and the report from this review was tabled with the Audit and procedures regularly (not less than once in every four financial years), and report the results of those reviews to the local Finance Committee. The next review will be undertaken during 2014-15.

# 7.3.3 Information about Modifications to Certain Plans

annual reports, on modifications to certain of their plans. In the financial year ending 30 June 2014 no modifications were Regulation 19CA of the Local Government (Administration) Regulations 1996 requires local governments to report, in their made to the Shire's strategic community plan. Further, the Shire's corporate business plan was not significantly modified during 2013-14.

### 7.3.4 Review of Local Laws

Section 3.16 of the Local Government Act 1995 requires that all Local Laws of a Local Government will be reviewed within an eight-year period after their commencement, to determine if they should remain unchanged, be amended, or repealed. It is proposed that in 2014-15 Financial Year such a review will take place.

## 7.3.5 State Records Act 2000

government authority, the Shire is required under the State Records Act 2000 to address in its annual reports, certain matters as Commission advised the Shire that is had met all its requirements and that the next review would be due in July 2015. As a local The Shire's Record Keeping Plan has been reviewed and forwarded to the State Records Commission. Subsequent to that the outlined in the Record Keeping Plan, While the Shire's records keeping systems are being continuously reviewed and developed, a more detailed evaluation of them will take place in 2014-15. The system centralises all corporate documents, and so increases efficiency in document retrieval, storage and retention.

Committee. Additionally, the officer receives the minutes of each meeting held throughout the year. As a part of the Staff Induction Program and Record Keeping Training Plan, new employees are informed of their record-keeping obligations during an information session. Further, training sessions for the Shire's electronic document-management system are performed on an as needs basis. When practicable the Shire's Records Officer participates in meetings held by the South West Information Management (SWIM) Measures to evaluate the efficiency and effectiveness of these programs will be reviewed in 2014-15.

# 7.3.6 Freedom of Information Act 1992

otherwise exempt) held by State and Local Government agencies. Applications may be made to the Shire to access such information In accordance with Section 96(1) of the Freedom of Information Act 1992, residents have the right to access records (which are not upon payment of a standard fee. In the financial year ending 2013-14 the Shire received no applications to access non-exempt information held by the Shire of Boyup Brook.

## 7.3.7 Food Safety Standards

the Australian and New Zealand Food Standards Code and a risk assessment approach to food safety. All registered food businesses are given risk classifications (high, medium, and low), and the frequency of inspections of food businesses will vary depending upon When it came into effect (23 September 2009) The Food Act 2008 was applied to all food premises within the Shire based on risk classification and compliance standards.

# 7.3.8 Occupational Safety and Health

The Shire participates in the Local Government Insurance Services' (LGIS) SW Regional Co-ordination Project, engages the services comprehensive safety systems will be accredited against AS 4801 and the requirements of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of a Shared Regional (OSH) Co-ordinator, and prides itself on its positive and safe workplace. During 2014-15 the Shire's

# 7.3.9 Disability Access and Inclusion

Schedule 3 of the WA Disability Services Regulations 2004, through the implementation of the Disability Access Inclusion Plan The shire is continuing to work towards implementing the strategies identified against the seven outcomes as listed in 2013-2018.

compliance, including the gathering of feedback from patrons post event. Assessment of building plans for compliance with the legislative requirements, this included the museum display shed and hockey rest facilities. New road marking designating clear Progress continues to be made across all outcomes. Some examples include inspections of event venues conducted to ensure and improved access for people with disability, between shire buildings, spaces and facilities within the town site.

towards achieving the principles adopted by the shire. This was achieved my providing a copy of the shire's policy, the "Guide for Procurement and Contract Mangers", and reference to the Shire of Boyup Brook's Disability Access and Inclusion Plan on Contractors have also been informed of their expectations to ensure they are aware of legislative requirements and work the web site.

## 7.3.10 Competitive Neutrality

The Shire has reviewed all areas of its operation to determine the existence or otherwise of significant business activities.

\$200,000 pa, which is not a regulatory service (community service obligation) and is not already contracted out. Accordingly, For the purposes of Competitive Neutrality, a significant business activity is defined as an activity with an income in excess of it has been determined that Council has no significant business activity for the purposes of competitive neutrality as it relates to the National Competition Policy Clause 7 statement.

# 8.0 Legal Compliance

## 8.1 2013-14 Financial Statements

The Shire's 2013-14 Annual Financial Statements and the independent auditor's report of Tim Partridge (Partner) of AMD Chartered Accountants, are included at Appendix 2.

## APPENDIX 1

## HUNDING TO DROANISATIONS

Council Contribution (\$)

Organisation Name	
Boyup Brook Arts & Craft Society	
Blackwood Valley Wine Industry Association	
Rylington Park Management Committee	
Rylington Park Management Committee	
Henri Nouwen House	
Community Resource Centre	
Boyup Brook Country Music Club	
Blackwood Basin Group	
Harvey Dickson Country Music Centre	
SW Group of Affiliated Agricultural Societies	
Boyup Brook Tourism Association	
Museum Committee	
Boyup Brook Club	
Local Schools	
Tone Bridge Country Club	
Blackwood River Valley Marketing Assoc	
Country Women's Association	
Lions Club Boyup Brook	

500 1,000 1,000 1,346 10,000 10,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 1,000 2,500 730 2,500

#### SHIRE OF BOYUP BROOK

#### **FINANCIAL REPORT**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2014

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Principal place of business: Abel Street Boyup Brook	

#### SHIRE OF BOYUP BROOK **FINANCIAL REPORT** FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2014

#### **LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1995** LOCAL GOVERNMENT (FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT) REGULATIONS 1996

#### STATEMENT BY CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The attached financial report of the Shire of Boyup Brook being the annual financial report and other information for the financial year ended 30 June 2014 are in my opinion properly drawn up to present fairly the financial position of the Shire of Boyup Brook at 30th June 2014 and the results of the operations for the financial year then ended in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards and comply with the provisions of the Local Government Act 1995 and the regulations under that Act.

Signed as authorisation of issue on the

4777 day of OCCEMBER

Mr Alan Lamb

Chief Executive Officer

## SHIRE OF BOYUP BROOK STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME BY NATURE OR TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2014

	NOTE	2014 \$	2014 Budget \$	2013 \$
Revenue			•	
Rates	22	2,128,241	2,131,351	2,024,488
Operating Grants, Subsidies and				
Contributions	28	946,195	773,096	1,264,256
Fees and Charges	27	985,749	973,949	951,863
Interest Earnings	2(a)	119,554	115,340	131,720
Other Revenue	_	35,072	6,500	25,506
		4,214,811	4,000,236	4,397,833
Expenses				
Employee Costs		(2,013,259)	(2,219,327)	(1,933,269)
Materials and Contracts		(1,305,362)	(1,689,607)	(1,288,085)
Utility Charges		(132,922)	(156,369)	(131,381)
Depreciation on Non-Current Assets	2(a)	(2,561,098)	(805,519)	(1,672,787)
Interest Expenses	2(a)	(40,759)	(42,023)	(26,480)
Insurance Expenses		(226,263)	(289,540)	(215,353)
Other Expenditure		(224,769)	(21,662)	(68,135)
		(6,504,432)	(5,224,047)	(5,335,490)
	_	(2,289,621)	(1,223,811)	(937,657)
Non-Operating Grants, Subsidies and				
Contributions	28	1,576,674	1,862,372	460,690
Profit on Asset Disposals	20	67	868	66,865
Loss on Asset Disposals	20 _	(2,550)	0	(47,798)
NET RESULT		(715,430)	639,429	(457,900)
Other Comprehensive Income				
Changes on Revaluation of Non-Current Assets	12	0	0	27,008,606
Total Other Comprehensive Income	£ <del>.</del>		0	27,008,606
Total Comprehensive Income	-	(715,430)	639,429	26,550,706

## SHIRE OF BOYUP BROOK STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME BY PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2014

	NOTE	2014 \$	2014 Budget	2013 \$
		·	\$	•
Revenue				
Governance		20	1,400	(1,448)
General Purpose Funding		2,768,085	2,812,603	3,141,319
Law, Order, Public Safety		60,567	43,650	52,569
Health		653,778	662,575	628,005
Education and Welfare		10,358	8,329	17,957
Housing		42,387	44,185	44,186
Community Amenities		120,669	108,006	111,166
Recreation and Culture		55,948	56,950	74,655
Transport		329,465	149,155	143,415
Economic Services		96,917 76,617	88,383	97,495
Other Property and Services	-	76,617 4,214,811	<u>25,000</u> 4,000,236	4,397,833
		4,214,011	4,000,230	4,357,033
Expenses				
Governance		(317,122)	(446,552)	(250,547)
General Purpose Funding		(82,460)	(100,130)	(94,082)
Law, Order, Public Safety		(146,422)	(173,130)	(166,461)
Health		(818,515)	(668,311)	(728,015)
Education and Welfare		(123,979)	(104,069)	(100,670)
Housing		(171,347)	(56,248)	(81,100)
Community Amenities		(307,871)	(323,924)	(291,024)
Recreation & Culture		(781,701)	(687,904)	(647,828)
Transport Economic Services		(3,361,757)	(1,988,012)	(2,550,665)
		(368,075) 15,576	(626,782)	(304,659)
Other Property and Services	-	(6,463,673)	(6,962) (5,182,024)	(93,959) (5,309,010)
		(0,400,010)	(3,102,027)	(0,000,010)
Financial Costs				
Health		(1,883)	(2,484)	(3,952)
Education and Welfare		(19,226)	(19,054)	(3,462)
Housing		(4,930)	(4,990)	(3,078)
Community Amenities		(1,388)	(1,374)	(1,619)
Recreation & Culture		(8,949)	(9,089)	(9,364)
Economic Services		(2,870)	(3,535)	(3,388)
Other Property and Services	2(a)	(1,513) (40,759)	(1,497) (42,023)	(1,617)
	2(a)	(40,759)	(42,023)	(20,460)
Non-Operating Grants, Subsidies and				
Contributions		4 570 074	4 000 070	
Transport	-	1,576,674	1,862,372	460,690
		1,576,674	1,862,372	460,690
Profit/(Loss) on Disposal of Assets				
Transport		67	0	19,067
Other Property and Services	_	(2,550)	868	0
		(2,483)	868	19,067
Net Result	-	(715,430)	639,429	(457,900)
Other Comprehensive Income				
Changes on revaluation of non-current assets	12	0	0	27,008,606
Total Other Comprehensive Income	:=	0		27,008,606
Total Comprehensive Income	-	(715,430)	639,429	26,550,706

#### SHIRE OF BOYUP BROOK STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30TH JUNE 2014

	NOTE	2014 \$	2013 \$
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	3	2,440,552	2,793,811
Trade and Other Receivables	4	367,736	254,103
Inventories	5	3,388	9,051
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		2,811,676	3,056,965
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, Plant and Equipment	6	14,366,825	14,624,287
Infrastructure	7	72,505,774	72,763,060
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		86,872,599	87,387,347
TOTAL ASSETS		89,684,275	90,444,312
CURRENT LIABILITIES		<del></del>	
Trade and Other Payables	8	427,308	500,987
Current Portion of Long Term Borrowings	9	47,763	48,869
Provisions	10	516,998	455,327
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		992,069	1,005,183
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long Term Borrowings	9	668,951	716,714
Provisions	10	34,619	35,713
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		703,570	752,427
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,695,639	1,757,610
		87,988,636	88,686,702
EQUITY Retained Surplus		50,812,506	52 252 440
Reserves - Cash Backed	11	1,311,805	52,352,419 1,056,728
Revaluation Surplus	12	35,864,325	35,277,555
TOTAL EQUITY	12	87,988,636	88,686,702
		27,000,000	30,000,10E

#### SHIRE OF BOYUP BROOK STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2014

	NOTE	RETAINED SURPLUS \$	RESERVES CASH BACKED \$	REVALUATION SURPLUS \$	TOTAL EQUITY \$
Balance as at 1 July 2012		51,728,668	2,138,379	8,268,949	62,135,996
Comprehensive Income Net Result Changes on Revaluation of Non-Current Assets Total Comprehensive Income	12	(457,900) 0 (457,900)	0 0 0	27,008,606 27,008,606	(457,900) 27,008,606 26,550,706
Transfer to/(from) Reserves		1,081,651	(1,081,651)	0	0
Balance as at 30 June 2013		52,352,419	1,056,728	35,277,555	88,686,702
Comprehensive Income Net Result		(715,430)	0	0	(715,430)
Correction of Errors		(569,406)	0	586,770	17,364
Total Comprehensive Income		(1,284,836)	0	586,770	(698,066)
Transfer to/(from) Reserves		(255,077)	255,077	0	0
Balance as at 30 June 2014		50,812,506	1,311,805	35,864,325	87,988,636

<sup>\*</sup> The correction of error adjustments relates to the following:

<sup>1.</sup> Reversal of negative balances held on the Revaluation surplus for Furniture & Equipment, and Plant & Equipment. Negative Asset Revaluation Reserves are not able to be held, therefore the negative amounts were adjusted against the Accumulated Surplus, as they related to the closing balance as at 30 June 2013.

<sup>2.</sup> The omission of a Fair Value amount for an item of Plant as at 30 June 2013, for \$17,364, which was then subsequently disposed during 2013/14.

#### SHIRE OF BOYUP BROOK STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2014

	NOTE	2014 \$	2014 Budget	2013 \$
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Receipts			\$	
Rates Operating Grants, Subsidies and		2,042,700	2,131,351	2,104,214
Contributions		946,195	773,096	1,264,256
Fees and Charges		901,611	973,949	897,593
Service Charges Interest Earnings		0 119,554	0 115,340	0 130,351
Goods and Services Tax		254,910	200,000	229,832
Other Revenue	_	35,072	6,500	33,632
	_	4,300,042	4,200,236	4,659,878
Payments Costs		(0.496.000)	(2.240.227)	(4.040.994)
Employee Costs Materials and Contracts		(2,186,292) (1,111,633)	(2,219,327) (1,159,607)	(1,940,224) (1,053,371)
Utility Charges		(132,922)	(156,369)	(131,381)
Interest Expenses		(43,568)	(42,023)	(21,816)
Insurance Expenses		(226,263)	(289,540)	(215,353)
Goods and Services Tax		(224,192)	(200,000)	(320,614)
Other Expenditure	-	(224,767) (4,149,637)	(551,663) (4,618,529)	(70,682)
Net Cash Provided By (Used in)	-	(4,140,007)	(4,010,020)	(0,700,441)
Operating Activities	13(b) _	150,405	(418,293)	906,437
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Payments for Development of				
Land Held for Resale		0	0	0
Payments for Purchase of Property, Plant & Equipment		(405,246)	(449,484)	(1,491,102)
Payments for Construction of		(405,246)	(445,464)	(1,481,102)
Infrastructure		(1,686,496)	(2,277,398)	(1,156,309)
Advances to Community Groups		0		
Non-Operating Grants, Subsidies and Contributions		4 576 674	4 969 270	400.000
Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets		1,576,674 60,273	1,862,372 17,360	460,690 255,605
Proceeds from Advances		0	0	200,000
Net Cash Provided by (Used in)	•			
Investment Activities		(454,795)	(847,150)	(1,931,116)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities				
Repayment of Debentures		(48,869)	(45,049)	(41,878)
Proceeds from Self Supporting Loans		0	0	
Loan Advances provided		0	(150,000)	400,000
Proceeds from New Debentures  Net Cash Provided By (Used In)		0	450,000	400,000
Financing Activities		(48,869)	254,951	358,122
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash Held		(353,259)	(1,010,492)	(666,557)
Cash at Beginning of Year		2,793,811	2,794,269	3,460,368
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Year	13(a)	2,440,552	1,783,777	2,793,811
		_, ,	-,,,,,,,	-,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

#### SHIRE OF BOYUP BROOK RATE SETTING STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2014

	NOTE	2014 Actual	2014 Budget	2013 Actual
	NOIL	\$	\$	\$
Revenue		Ψ	*	*
Governance		20	1,400	(1,448)
General Purpose Funding		639,614	681,252	1,116,831
Law, Order, Public Safety		60,567	43,650	52,569
Health		653,778	662,575	628,005
Education and Welfare		10,358	8,329	17,957
Housing		42,387	44,185	44,186
Community Amenities		120,669	108,006	111,166
Recreation and Culture		55,948	·	
		329,533	56,950 149,155	74,655 210,280
Transport Economic Services		96,917		
		·	88,383	97,495
Other Property and Services		<u>76,618</u> 2,086,409	25,868 1,869,753	88,514
Ewanasa		2,000,409	1,009,753	2,440,210
Expenses		(247.499)	(44C EEO)	(250 547)
Governance		(317,122)	(446,552)	(250,547)
General Purpose Funding		(82,230)	(100,130)	(94,082)
Law, Order, Public Safety		(146,422)	(173,130)	(166,461)
Health		(820,398)	(670,795)	(731,967)
Education and Welfare		(143,205)	(123,123)	(104,132)
Housing		(176,277)	(61,238)	(84,178)
Community Amenities		(309,259)	(325,298)	(292,643)
Recreation and Culture		(790,650)	(696,993)	(657,192)
Transport		(3,361,758)	(1,988,012)	(2,598,463)
Economic Services		(370,945)	(630,317)	(308,047)
Other Property and Services		11,513	(8,459)	(95,576)
		(6,506,753)	(5,224,047)	(5,383,288)
Net Result Excluding Rates		(4,420,344)	(3,354,294)	(2,943,078)
Adjustments for Cash Budget Requirements:				
(Profit)/Loss on Asset Disposals	20	2,483	(868)	(19,067)
Movement in accrued interest		(2,809)	0	4,664
Movement in Inventory		5,663	0	633
Movement in Accrued Salaries & Wages		17,358	0	(21,723)
Movement in Accrued Expenses		(15,793)	0	4,184
Movement in Employee Benefit Provisions		61,671	0	14,867
Depreciation and Amortisation on Assets	2(a)	2,561,098	805,519	1,672,787
Capital Expenditure and Revenue				
Purchase Land and Buildings	6(a)	(194,049)	(305,433)	(474,569)
Purchase Furniture and Equipment	6(a)	(64,150)	(7,451)	(193,716)
Purchase Plant and Equipment	6(a)	(147,047)	(136,600)	(822,817)
Purchase Roads	7(a)	(1,255,783)	(2,101,772)	(816,183)
Purchase Footpaths	7(a)	0	(28,000)	(13,669)
Purchase Drainage	7(a)	(41,068)	0	(253,700)
Purchase Bridges	7(a)	(364,000)	0	0
Purchase Other Infrastructure	7(a)	(25,646)	(147,626)	(61,082)
Purchase Recreation Infrastructure	7(a)	0		(11,675)
Advances to Community Groups		0	(150,000)	
Contribution for the development of Assets	28	1,576,674	1,862,372	460,690
Proceeds from Disposal of Fixed Assets	20	60,273	17,360	255,605
Repayment of Debentures	21(a)	(48,869)	(45,049)	(41,878)
Proceeds from New Debentures	21(a)	0	450,000	400,000
Transfers to Reserves (Restricted Assets)	11	(301,077)	(260,272)	(214,888)
Transfers from Reserves (Restricted Assets)	11	46,000	0	1,296,539
Estimated Surplus/(Deficit) July 1 B/Fwd	22(b)	1,569,866	1,274,199	1,323,453
Estimated Surplus/(Deficit) June 30 C/Fwd	22(b)	1,148,692	3,434	1,569,866
- Estimated Surplass (Solitory duties on O/1 We				
Total Amount Raised from General Rate	22(a)	(2,128,241)	(2,131,351)	(2,024,487)

This statement is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

ADD LESS

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (a) Basis of Preparation

The financial report comprises general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (as they apply to local governments and not-for-profit entities), Australian Accounting Interpretations, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, the Local Government Act 1995 and accompanying regulations. Material accounting policies which have been adopted in the preparation of this financial report are presented below and have been consistently applied unless stated otherwise.

Except for cash flow and rate setting information, the report has also been prepared on the accrual basis and is based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and liabilities.

#### **Critical Accounting Estimates**

The preparation of a financial report in conformity with Australian Accounting Standards requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that effect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses.

The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances; the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

#### The Local Government Reporting Entity

All Funds through which the Council controls resources to carry on its functions have been included in the financial statements forming part of this financial report.

In the process of reporting on the local government as a single unit, all transactions and balances between those Funds (for example, loans and transfers between Funds) have been eliminated.

All monies held in the Trust Fund are excluded from the financial statements. A separate statement of those monies appears at Note 19. to these financial statements.

#### (b) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of GST receivable or payable.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included with receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are presented as operating cash flows.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (c) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash at bank, deposits available on demand with banks and other short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and bank overdrafts.

Bank overdrafts are reported as short term borrowings in current liabilities in the statement of financial position.

#### (d) Trade and Other Receivables

Trade and other receivables include amounts due from ratepayers for unpaid rates and service charges and other amounts due from third parties for goods sold and services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Receivables expected to be collected within 12 months of the end of the reporting period are classified as current assets. All other receivables are classified as non-current assets.

Collectability of trade and other receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts that are known to be uncollectible are written off when identified. An allowance for doubtful debts is raised when there is objective evidence that they will not be collectible.

#### (e) Inventories

#### General

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

#### Land Held for Sale

Land held for development and sale is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes the cost of acquisition, development, borrowing costs and holding costs until completion of development. Finance costs and holding charges incurred after development is completed are expensed.

Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss at the time of signing an unconditional contract of sale if significant risks and rewards, and effective control over the land, are passed on to the buyer at this point.

Land held for sale is classified as current except where it is held as non-current based on Council's intentions to release for sale.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (f) Fixed Assets

Each class of fixed assets within either property, plant and equipment or infrastructure, is carried at cost or fair value as indicated less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

#### Mandatory Requirement to Revalue Non-Current Assets

Effective from 1 July 2012, the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations were amended and the measurement of non-current assets at Fair Value became mandatory.

The amendments allow for a phasing in of fair value in relation to fixed assets over three years as follows:

- (a) for the financial year ending on 30 June 2013, the fair value of all of the assets of the local government that are plant and equipment; and
- (b) for the financial year ending on 30 June 2014, the fair value of all of the assets of the local government -
  - (i) that are plant and equipment; and
  - (ii) that are -
    - (I) land and buildings; or-
    - (II) Infrastructure:

and

(c) for a financial year ending on or after 30 June 2015, the fair value of all of the assets of the local government.

Thereafter, in accordance with the regulations, each asset class must be revalued at least every 3 years.

In 2013, Council commenced the process of adopting Fair Value in accordance with the Regulations.

Relevant disclosures, in accordance with the requirements of Australian Accounting Standards, have been made in the financial report as necessary.

#### Land Under Control

In accordance with Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 16(a), the Council was required to include as an asset (by 30 June 2013), Crown Land operated by the local government as a golf course, showground, racecourse or other sporting or recreational facility of State or Regional significance.

Upon initial recognition, these assets were recorded at cost in accordance with AASB 116. They were then classified as Land and revalued along with other land in accordance with the other policies detailed in this Note.

Whilst they were initially recorded at cost, fair value at the date of acquisition was deemed cost as per AASB 116.

Consequently, these assets were initially recognised at cost but revalued along with other items of Land and Buildings at 30 June 2014.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (f) Fixed Assets (Continued)

#### Initial Recognition and Measurement between Mandatory Revaluation Dates

All assets are initially recognised at cost and subsequently revalued in accordance with the mandatory measurement framework detailed above.

In relation to this initial measurement, cost is determined as the fair value of the assets given as consideration plus costs incidental to the acquisition. For assets acquired at no cost or for nominal consideration, cost is determined as fair value at the date of acquisition. The cost of non-current assets constructed by the Council includes the cost of all materials used in construction, direct labour on the project and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overheads.

Individual assets acquired between initial recognition and the next revaluation of the asset class in accordance with the mandatory measurement framework detailed above, are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation as management believes this approximates fair value. They will be subject to subsequent revaluation at the next anniversary date in accordance with the mandatory measurement framework detailed above.

#### Revaluation

Increases in the carrying amount arising on revaluation of assets are credited to a revaluation surplus in equity. Decreases that offset previous increases of the same asset are recognised against revaluation surplus directly in equity. All other decreases are recognised in profit or loss.

#### Transitional Arrangements

During the time it takes to transition the carrying value of non-current assets from the cost approach to the fair value approach, the Council may still be utilising both methods across differing asset classes.

Those assets carried at cost will be carried in accordance with the policy detailed in the *Initial Recognition* section as detailed above.

Those assets carried at fair value will be carried in accordance with the *Revaluation* Methodology section as detailed above.

#### Early Adoption of AASB 13 - Fair Value Measurement

Whilst the new accounting standard in relation to Fair Value, AASB 13 – Fair Value Measurement only become applicable for the year ended 30 June 2014 (in relation to Council), given the legislative need to commence using Fair Value methodology in the previous reporting period (year ended 30 June 2013) the Council chose to early adopt AASB 13

As a consequence, the principles embodied in AASB 13 - Fair Value Measurement have been applied to the previous reporting period (year ended 30 June 2013).

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (f) Fixed Assets (Continued)

#### Land Under Roads

In Western Australia, all land under roads is Crown Land, the responsibility for managing which, is vested in the local government.

Effective as at 1 July 2008, Council elected not to recognise any value for land under roads acquired on or before 30 June 2008. This accords with the treatment available in Australian Accounting Standard AASB 1051 Land Under Roads and the fact Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 16(a)(i) prohibits local governments from recognising such land as an asset.

In respect of land under roads acquired on or after 1 July 2008, as detailed above, Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 16(a)(i) prohibits local governments from recognising such land as an asset.

Whilst such treatment is inconsistent with the requirements of AASB 1051, Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 4(2) provides, in the event of such an inconsistency, the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations prevail.

Consequently, any land under roads acquired on or after 1 July 2008 is not included as an asset of the Council.

#### Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets including buildings but excluding freehold land, are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the individual asset's useful life from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the improvements.

When an item of property, plant and equipment is revalued, any accumulated depreciation at the date of the revaluation is treated in one of the following ways:

- a) Restated proportionately with the change in the gross carrying amount of the asset so that the carrying amount of the asset after revaluation equals its revalued amount; or
- b) Eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the net amount restated to the revalued amount of the asset.

Major depreciation periods used for each class of depreciable asset are:

Buildings	5 to 40 years
Furniture and Equipment	2 to 10 years
Plant and Equipment	2 to 15 years
Sealed roads and streets	
formation	not depreciated
pavement	67 years
seal	
- bituminous seals	28 years
- asphalt surfaces	28 years
Gravel roads	
formation	not depreciated
pavement	67 years
Formed roads (unsealed)	
formation	not depreciated
pavement	67 years
Footpaths - slab	40 years
Water supply piping and drainage systems	75 years

The assets residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (f) Fixed Assets (Continued)

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains and losses are included in the statement of comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

When revalued assets are disposed of, amounts included in the revaluation surplus relating to that asset are transferred to retained surplus.

#### Capitalisation Threshold

Expenditure on items of equipment under \$5,000 is not capitalised. Rather, it is recorded on an asset inventory listing.

#### (g) Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities

When performing a revaluation, the Council uses a mix of both independent and management valuations using the following as a guide:

Fair Value is the price that Council would receive to sell the asset or would have to pay to transfer a liability, in an orderly (i.e. unforced) transaction between independent, knowledgeable and willing market participants at the measurement date.

As fair value is a market-based measure, the closest equivalent observable market pricing information is used to determine fair value. Adjustments to market values may be made having regard to the characteristics of the specific asset. The fair values of assets that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market data.

To the extent possible, market information is extracted from either the principal market for the asset (i.e. the market with the greatest volume and level of activity for the asset or, in the absence of such a market, the most advantageous market available to the entity at the end of the reporting period (i.e. the market that maximises the receipts from the sale of the asset after taking into account transaction costs and transport costs).

For non-financial assets, the fair value measurement also takes into account a market participant's ability to use the asset in its highest and best use or to sell it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

#### Fair Value Hierarchy

AASB 13 requires the disclosure of fair value information by level of the fair value hierarchy, which categorises fair value measurement into one of three possible levels based on the lowest level that an input that is significant to the measurement can be categorised into as follows:

#### Level 1

Measurements based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

#### Level 2

Measurements based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (g) Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities (continued)

#### Level 3

Measurements based on unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The fair values of assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market data. If all significant inputs required to measure fair value are observable, the asset or liability is included in Level 2. If one or more significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the asset or liability is included in Level 3.

#### Valuation techniques

The Council selects a valuation technique that is appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data is available to measure fair value. The availability of sufficient and relevant data primarily depends on the specific characteristics of the asset or liability being measured. The valuation techniques selected by the Council are consistent with one or more of the following valuation approaches:

#### Market approach

Valuation techniques that use prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions for identical or similar assets or liabilities.

#### Income approach

Valuation techniques that convert estimated future cash flows or income and expenses into a single discounted present value.

#### Cost approach

Valuation techniques that reflect the current replacement cost of an asset at its current service capacity.

Each valuation technique requires inputs that reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would use when pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risks. When selecting a valuation technique, the Council gives priority to those techniques that maximise the use of observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs. Inputs that are developed using market data (such as publicly available information on actual transactions) and reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would generally use when pricing the asset or liability and considered observable, whereas inputs for which market data is not available and therefore are developed using the best information available about such assumptions are considered unobservable.

As detailed above, the mandatory measurement framework imposed by the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations requires, as a minimum, all assets carried at a revalued amount to be revalued at least every 3 years.

#### (h) Financial Instruments

#### Initial Recognition and Measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Council becomes a party to the contractual provisions to the instrument. For financial assets, this is equivalent to the date that the Council commits itself to either the purchase or sale of the asset (i.e. trade date accounting is adopted).

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs, except where the instrument is classified 'at fair value through profit or loss', in which **ca**se transaction costs are expensed to profit or loss immediately.

#### Classification and Subsequent Measurement

Financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, or at cost.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (h) Financial Instruments (Continued)

Amortised cost is calculated as:

- (a) the amount in which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition;
- (b) less principal repayments and any reduction for impairment; and
- (c) plus or minus the cumulative amortisation of the difference, if any, between the amount initially recognised and the maturity amount calculated using the effective interest rate method.

The effective interest method is used to allocate interest income or interest expense over the relevant period and is equivalent to the rate that discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts (including fees, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life (or when this cannot be reliably predicted, the contractual term) of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. Revisions to expected future net cash flows will necessitate an adjustment to the carrying value with a consequential recognition of an income or expense in profit or loss.

#### (i) Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss

Financial assets are classified at "fair value through profit or loss" when they are held for trading for the purpose of short-term profit taking. Such assets are subsequently measured at fair value with changes in carrying amount being included in profit or loss. Assets in this category are classified as current assets.

#### (ii) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss.

Loans and receivables are included in current assets where they are expected to mature within 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

#### (iii) Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed maturities and fixed or determinable payments that the Council has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss.

Held-to-maturity investments are included in non-current assets, where they are expected to mature within 12 months after the end of the reporting period. All other investments are classified as non-current.

#### (iv) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are either not suitable to be classified into other categories of financial assets due to their nature, or they are designated as such by management. They comprise investments in the equity of other entities where there is neither a fixed maturity nor fixed or determinable payments.

They are subsequently measured at fair value with changes in such fair value (i.e. gains or losses) recognised in other comprehensive income (except for impairment losses). When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss pertaining to that asset previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified into profit or loss.

Available-for-sale financial assets are included in current assets, where they are expected to be sold within 12 months after the end of the reporting period. All other available-for-sale financial assets are classified as non-current.

#### (v) Financial liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (h) Financial Instruments (Continued)

#### **Impairment**

A financial asset is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events (a "loss event") having occurred, which will have an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset(s).

In the case of available-for-sale financial assets, a significant or prolonged decline in the market value of the instrument is considered a loss event. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss immediately. Also, any cumulative decline in fair value previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss at this point.

In the case of financial assets carried at amortised cost, loss events may include: indications that the debtors or a group of debtors are experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; indications that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; and changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost (including loans and receivables), a separate allowance account is used to reduce the carrying amount of financial assets impaired by credit losses. After having taken all possible measures of recovery, if management establishes that the carrying amount cannot be recovered by any means, at that point the written-off amounts are charged to the allowance account or the carrying amount of impaired financial assets is reduced directly if no impairment amount was previously recognised in the allowance account.

#### Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expire or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the Council no longer has any significant continual involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset.

Financial liabilities are derecognised where the related obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the fair value of the consideration paid, including the transfer of non-cash assets or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

#### (i) Impairment of Assets

In accordance with Australian Accounting Standards the Council's assets, other than inventories, are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication they may be impaired.

Where such an indication exists, an impairment test is carried out on the asset by comparing the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, to the asset's carrying amount.

Any excess of the asset's carrying amount over its recoverable amount is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount in accordance with another standard (e.g. AASB 116) whereby any impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation decrease in accordance with that other standard.

For non-cash generating assets such as roads, drains, public buildings and the like, value in use is represented by the depreciated replacement cost of the asset.

#### (j) Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Council prior to the end of the financial year that are unpaid and arise when the Council becomes obliged to make future payments in respect of the purchase of these goods and services. The amounts are unsecured, are recognised as a current liability and are normally paid within 30 days of recognition.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (k) Employee Benefits

#### **Short-Term Employee Benefits**

Provision is made for the Council's obligations for short-term employee benefits. Short-term employee benefits are benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service, including wages, salaries and sick leave. Short-term employee benefits are measured at the (undiscounted) amounts expected to be paid when the obligation is settled.

The Council's obligations for short-term employee benefits such as wages, salaries and sick leave are recognised as a part of current trade and other payables in the statement of financial position. The Council's obligations for employees' annual leave and long service leave entitlements are recognised as provisions in the statement of financial position.

#### Other Long-Term Employee Benefits

Provision is made for employees' long service leave and annual leave entitlements not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service. Other long-term employee benefits are measured at the present value of the expected future payments to be made to employees. Expected future payments incorporate anticipated future wage and salary levels, durations or service and employee departures and are discounted at rates determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have maturity dates that approximate the terms of the obligations. Any remeasurements for changes in assumptions of obligations for other long-term employee benefits are recognised in profit or loss in the periods in which the changes occur.

The Council's obligations for long-term employee benefits are presented as non-current provisions in its statement of financial position, except where the Council does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period, in which case the obligations are presented as current provisions.

#### (I) Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense when incurred except where they are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset. Where this is the case, they are capitalised as part of the cost of the particular asset until such time **as** the asset is substantially ready for its intended use or sale.

#### (m) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Council has a present legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured.

Provisions are measured using the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period.

#### (n) Leases

Leases of fixed assets where substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to the ownership of the asset, but not legal ownership, are transferred to the Council, are classified as finance leases.

Finance leases are capitalised recording an asset and a liability at the lower amounts equal to the fair value of the leased property or the present value of the minimum lease payments, including any guaranteed residual values. Lease payments are allocated between the reduction of the lease liability and the lease interest expense for the period.

Leased assets are depreciated on a straight line basis over the shorter of their estimated useful lives or the lease term.

Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are charged as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

Lease incentives under operating leases are recognised as a liability and amortised on a straight line basis over the life of the lease term.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (o) Investment in Associates

An associate is an entity over which the Council has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial operating policy decisions of that entity but is not control or joint control of those policies. Investments in associates are accounted for in the financial statements by applying the equity method of accounting, whereby the investment is initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter for the post-acquisition change in the Council's share of net assets of the associate. In addition, the Council's share of the profit or loss of the associate is included in the Council's profit or loss.

The carrying amount of the investment includes, where applicable, goodwill relating to the associate. Any discount on acquisition, whereby the Council's share of the net fair value of the associate exceeds the cost of investment, is recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

Profits and losses resulting from transactions between the Council and the associate are eliminated to the extent of the Council's interest in the associate.

When the Council's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, the Council discontinues recognising its share of further losses unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate. When the associate subsequently makes profits, the Council will resume recognising its share of those profits once its share of the profits equals the share of the losses not recognised.

#### (p) Interests in Joint Arrangements

Joint arrangements represent the contractual sharing of control between parties in a business venture where unanimous decisions about relevant activities are required.

Separate joint venture entities providing joint venturers with an interest to net assets are classified as a joint venture and accounted for using the equity method. Refer to note 1(o) for a description of the equity method of accounting.

Joint venture operations represent arrangements whereby joint operators maintain direct interests in each asset and exposure to each liability of the arrangement. The Council's interests in the assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses of joint operations are included in the respective line items of the financial statements. Information about the joint ventures is set out in Note 16.

#### (q) Rates, Grants, Donations and Other Contributions

Rates, grants, donations and other contributions are recognised as revenues when the local government obtains control over the assets comprising the contributions.

Control over assets acquired from rates is obtained at the commencement of the rating period or, where earlier, upon receipt of the rates.

Where contributions recognised as revenues during the reporting period were obtained on the condition that they be expended in a particular manner or used over a particular period, and those conditions were undischarged as at the reporting date, the nature of and amounts pertaining to 'those undischarged conditions are disclosed in Note 2(c). That note also discloses the amount of contributions recognised as revenues in a previous reporting period which were obtained in respect of the local government's operations for the current reporting period.

#### (r) Superannuation

The Council contributes to a number of Superannuation Funds on behalf of employees. All funds to which the Council contributes are defined contribution plans.

#### 1. SUMMARY SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (s) Current and Non-Current Classification

In the determination of whether an asset or liability is current or non-current, consideration is given to the time when each asset or liability is expected to be settled. The asset or liability is classified as current if it is expected to be settled within the next 12 months, being the Council's operational cycle. In the case of liabilities where the Council does not have the unconditional right to defer settlement beyond 12 months, such as vested long service leave, the liability is classified as current even if not expected to be settled within the next 12 months. Inventories held for trading are classified as current even if not expected to be realised in the next 12 months except for land held for sale where it is held as non-current based on the Council's intentions to release for sale.

#### (t) Rounding Off Figures

All figures shown in this annual financial report, other than a rate in the dollar, are rounded to the nearest dollar.

#### (u) Comparative Figures

Where required, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year.

When the Council applies an accounting policy retrospectively, makes a retrospective restatement or reclassifies items in its financial statement, an additional (third) statement of financial position as at the beginning of the preceding period in addition to the minimum comparative financial statements is presented.

#### (v) Budget Comparative Figures

Unless otherwise stated, the budget comparative figures shown in this annual financial report relate to the original budget estimate for the relevant item of disclosure.

#### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (w) New Accounting Standards and Interpretations for Application in Future Periods

The AASB has issued a number of new and amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have mandatory application dates for future reporting periods, some of which are relevant to the Council.

Management's assessment of the new and amended pronouncements that are relevant to the Council, applicable to future reporting periods and which have not yet been adopted are set out as follows:

	Title	Issued / Compiled	Applicable (1)	Impact
(1)	AASB 9 – Financial Instruments	December 2913	1 January 2017	Nil – The objective of this Standard is to improve and simplify the approach for classification and measurement of financial assets compared with the requirements of AASB 139. Given the nature of the financial assets of the Council, it is not anticipated the standard will have any material effect.
(ii)	AASB 2010 -7 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 9 (December 2010)	December 2013	1 January 2017	Nil - The revisions embodied in this standard give effect to the consequential changes arising from the issuance of AASB 9 which is not anticipated to have any material effect on the Council (refer (i) above).

[AASB 1, 3, 4, 5, 7, 101, 102, 108, 112, 118, 120, 121, 127, 128, 131, 132, 136, 137, 139, 1023 & 1038 and interpretations 2, 5, 10, 12, 19 & 127]

#### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(w) New Accounting Standards and Interpretations for Application in Future Periods (Continued)

	Title	Issued / Compiled	Applicable <sup>(1)</sup>	Impact
(iii)	AASB 2011 - 7 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the Consolidation and Joint Arrangement	December 2012	1 January 2014	Consequential changes to various standards arising from the issuance of AASB 10, 11, 12, 127 and 128.
	Standards [Not-For-Profit entities]			It is not expected to have a significant impact on Council.
	[AASB 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 2009-11, 101, 107, 112 118, 121, 124, 131, 132, 133, 138, 139, 1023 & 1038 and Interpretations 5, 9, 16 & 17]			
(iv)	AASB 2012-3: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities	June 2012	1 January 2014	This Standard adds application guidance to AASB 132: Financial Instruments: Presentation to address potential inconsistencies identified in applying some of the offsetting criteria of AASB
	[AASB 132]			132, including clarifying the meaning of "currently has a legally enforceable right of set-off" and that some gross settlement systems may be considered equivalent to net settlement.
				This Standard is not expected to significantly impact the Council's financial statements.

#### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (w) New Accounting Standards and Interpretations for Application in Future Periods (Continued)

	Title	Issued / Compiled	Applicable (1)	Impact
(v)	AASB 2013 - 3: Amendments to AASB 136 - Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non- Financial Assets	June 2013	1 January 2014	This standard makes amendments to AASB 136 and includes requirements to disclose additional information when present value techniques are used to measure the recoverable amount of impaired assets.
				It is not expected to have a significant impact on Council,
(vi)	AASB 2013-8: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Australian Implementation Guidance for Not-for-Profit Entities – Control and Structured Entities	October 2013	1 January 2014	This standard adds Appendix E to AASB 10 to provide implementation guidance for Not-for-Profit entities regarding control criteria from the perspective of not-for-profit entities.
	[AASB 10, 12 & 1049]			It is not expected to have a significant impact on Council.
(vii)	AASB 2013-9: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Conceptual Framework, Materiality and Financial	December 2013	Refer Title column	Part A of this standard makes various editorial corrections to Australian Accounting Standards.
	Instruments			Part B of this standard deletes references to AASB 1031 in various Australian Accounting Standards in advance of the
	[Operative dates: Part A Conceptual Framework – 20 December 2013; Part B			withdrawal of AASB 1031.
	Materiality – 1 January 2014; Part C Financial Instruments – 1 January 2015]			Part C of this standard makes consequential amendments to AASB 9 and numerous other standards and amends the permissions around certain applications relating to financial liabilities reissued at fair value.
	N. C.			As the bulk of changes related either to editorial or reference changes it is not expected to have a significant impact on Council.

Notes:
<sup>(1)</sup> Applicable to reporting periods commencing on or after the given date.

#### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (x) Adoption of New and Revised Accounting Standards

During the current year, the Council adopted all of the new and revised Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations which were compiled, became mandatory and which were applicable to its operations.

These new and revised standards were:

AASB 10	AASB 128	AASB 2012 - 2
AASB 11	AASB 2011 - 7	AASB 2012 - 3
AASB 12	AASB 2011 - 9	AASB 2012 - 5
AASB 119	AASB 2011 - 10	AASB 2012 - 10
AASB 127		

Most of the standards adopted had a minimal effect on the accounting and reporting practices of the Council as they did not have a significant impact on the accounting or reporting practices or were either not applicable, largely editorial in nature, were revisions to help ensure consistency with presentation, recognition and measurement criteria of IFRSs or related to topics not relevant to operations.

2.	REVENUE AND EXPENSES		2014	2013	
(a)	Net Result		\$	\$	
	The Net Result includes:				
	(i) Charging as an Expense:				
	Auditors Remuneration				
	- Audit of the annual financial report		7,360	13,300	
	Depreciation				
	Specialised Buildings		540,051	96,870	
	Furniture and Equipment		23,877	36,734	
	Plant and Equipment		53,387	231,192	
	Roads		1,891,301	1,281,928	
	Footpaths		2,787	2,506	
	Drainage		8,706	3,598	
	Bridges		1,660	0	
	Parks & Ovals		5,247	3,166	
	Other Infrastructure		14,753	4,343	
	Recreation Infrastructure		19,329	12,450	
			2,561,098	1,672,787	
	Interest Expenses (Finance Costs)				
	Debentures (refer Note 21.(a))		43,569	24,942	
	Accrued Interest on Loans		(2,810)	1,538	
			40,759	26,480	
	(ii) Crediting as Revenue:				
	Other Revenue				
	Other		35,072	25,506	
			35,072	25,506	
		2014	2014	2013	
		Actual	Budget	Actual	
		\$	\$	\$	
	Interest Earnings			<b>·</b>	
	- Reserve Funds	65,710	50,000	51,282	
	- Other Funds	27,464	47,540	55,798	
	Other Interest Revenue (refer note 26)	26,380	17,800	24,640	
		119,554	115,340	131,720	
		,	,		

#### 2. REVENUE AND EXPENSES (Continued)

#### (b) Statement of Objective

In order to discharge its responsibilities to the community, the Shire has developed a set of operational and financial objectives. These objectives have been established both on an overall basis, reflected by the Shire's Community Vision, and for each of its broad activities/programs.

#### **COMMUNITY VISION**

#### "Growing our Community Together"

Our Shire will be a Place:

- For people, with a sense of community, one that is active, vibrant, engaged and connected;
- That is safe and secure:
- That nurtures its youth and aging population, and retains its health and medical services;
- That grows and has employment opportunities, through commercial diversity, which is based on comparative advantage.

Council operations as disclosed in these financial statements encompass the following service orientated activities/programs.

#### **GOVERNANCE**

#### Objective:

To provide a decision making process for the efficient allocation of scarce resources.

#### **Activities:**

Includes the activities of members of council and the administrative support available to the council for the provision of governance of the district. Other costs relate to the task of assisting elected members and ratepayers on matters which do not concern specific council services.

#### **GENERAL PURPOSE FUNDING**

#### Objective:

To collect revenue to allow for the provision of services.

#### **Activities:**

Rates, general purpose government grants and interest revenue.

#### LAW, ORDER, PUBLIC SAFETY

#### Objective:

To provide services to help ensure a safer and environmentally conscious community.

#### Activities:

Supervision and enforcement of various local laws relating to fire prevention, animal control and other aspects of public safety including emergency services.

#### **HEALTH**

#### Objective:

To provide an operational framework for environmental and community health.

#### **Activities:**

Inspection of food outlets and their control, provision of meat inspection services, noise control and waste disposal compliance.

#### **EDUCATION AND WELFARE**

#### **Objective:**

To provide services to disadvantaged persons, the elderly, children and youth

#### Activities:

Maintenance of child minding centre, playgroup centre, senior citizen centre and aged care centre. Provision and maintenance of home and community care programs and youth services.

#### HOUSING

#### Objective:

To provide and maintain elderly residents housing.

#### **Activities:**

Provision and maintenance of elderly residents housing.

#### 2. REVENUE AND EXPENSES (Continued)

#### (b) Statement of Objective (Continued)

#### **COMMUNITY AMENITIES**

#### Objective:

To provide services required by the community.

#### **Activities:**

Rubbish collection services, operation of rubbish disposal sites, litter control, construction and maintenance of urban storm water drains, protection of the environment and administration of town planning schemes, cemetery and public conveniences.

#### RECREATION AND CULTURE

#### Objective:

To establish and effectively manage infrastructure and resource which will help the social well being of the community.

#### Activities:

Maintenance of public halls, civic centres, aquatic centre, beaches, recreation centres and various sporting facilities. Provision and maintenance of parks, gardens and playgrounds. Operation of library, museum and other cultural facilities.

#### **TRANSPORT**

#### Objective:

To provide safe, effective and efficient transport services to the community

#### **Activities:**

Construction and maintenance of roads, streets, footpaths, depots, cycleways, parking facilities and

#### **ECONOMIC SERVICES**

#### Objective:

To help promote the shire and its economic wellbeing.

#### **Activities:**

Tourism and area promotion including the maintenance and operation of a caravan park. Provision of rural services including weed control, vermin control and standpipes. Building Control

#### **OTHER PROPERTY AND SERVICES**

#### Objective:

To monitor and control council's overheads operating accounts.

#### **Activities:**

Private works operation, plant repair and operation costs and engineering operation costs.

#### 2. REVENUE AND EXPENSES (Continued)

(c)	(c) Conditions Over Grants/Contributions		Opening	(2)	(3)	Closing Balance <sup>(1)</sup>	D (2)	(3)	Closing
	Grant/Contribution	Function/ Activity	Balance <sup>(1)</sup> 1/07/12 \$	Received <sup>(2)</sup> 2012/13 \$	Expended (3) 2012/13 \$	30/06/13 \$	Received <sup>(2)</sup> 2013/14 \$	Expended (3) 2013/14 \$	Balance 30/06/14 \$
	DLG - Asset Management	Other Property	4,000	0	(4,000)	0	0	0	0
	Building	Other Property	42,369	0	( 42,369)	0	0	0	0
	WA Local Govt Grants Comm.	GP Funding	497,814	0	(497,814)	0	0	0	0
	Emergency Services Planning	Law, Order	22,856	0	( 22,856)	0	0	0	0
	Aged Needs Study	Ed & Welfare	8,000	0	(8,000)	0	0	0	0
	CLGF - 2010/11 Storm Water	Com Amenities	289,509	0	( 253,700)	35,809	0	( 35,809)	0
	CLGFR - 2010/11 Ablution Block CLGFR - 2010/11 Transportable	Rec & Culture	150,000	0	(79,733)	70,267	0	(70,267)	0
	Ablutions	Rec & Culture	53,134	0	(53,134)	0	0	0	0
	KidzSports Program	Rec & Culture	23,600	0	(11,589)	12,011	15,000	(5,225)	21,786
	SWDC - Bunbury Albany Tourist Route Promotion	Economic Serv	5,000	0	(5,000)	0	0	0	0
	DLG - Cat Management Facility	Law, Order	0	7,843	0	7,843	0	(5,270)	2,573
	DLG - Workforce Planning	Other Property	0	25,000	(14,123)	10,877	0	(10, 195)	682
	LWA - Youth Centre Improvements	Ed & Welfare	0	9,545	(9,545)	0	0	0	0
	DfC - National Youth Week Check It! Event	Ed & Welfare	0	1,000	(1,000)	0	0	0	0
	MRWA - RRG Grants	Transport	0	155,000	(155,000)	0	404,666	(404,666)	0
	DiT - Roads to Recovery Grant	Transport	0	299,973	(299,973)	0	299,462	(299,462)	G
	WA Local Govt Grants Comm.	Transport	0	0	0	0	534,000	(364,000)	170,000
	DLG - Cat Sterilisation Grant	Law, Order	0	0	0	0	2,500	0	2,500
	CLGF 13/14 - Depot Transportable	Transport	0	0	0	0	100,000	(16,160)	83,840
	CLGF 13/14 - Railway Pde	Transport	0	٥	0	0	161,085	(161,085)	0
	CLGF 13/14 - Saleyard Upgrade	Economic Serv	0	0	0	0	60,000	(773)	59,227
	Total		1,096,282	498,361	(1,467,836)	136,807	1,576,713	(1,372,912)	340,608

#### Notes:

- (1) Grants/contributions recognised as revenue in a previous reporting period which were not expended at the close of the previous reporting period.
- (2) New grants/contributions which were recognised as revenues during the reporting period and which had not yet been fully expended in the manner specified by the contributor.
- (3) Grants/contributions which had been recognised as revenues in a previous reporting period or received in the current reporting period and which were expended in the current reporting period in the manner specified by the contributor.

	Note	2014	2013
3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		\$	\$
Unrestricted		388,141	1,200,276
Restricted		2,052,411	1,593,535
The following restrictions have been imposed by		2,440,552	2,793,811
regulations or other externally imposed requirement	S:		
Leave Reserve	11	72,223	114,771
Plant & Vehicle Reserve	11	245,397	7,705
Building Reserve	11	601	584
Depot Reserve	11 11	9,941 50,253	9,651
Community Housing Reserve Emergency Reserve	11	38,468	37,298 37,345
Insurance Claim Reserve	11	13,424	13,031
Flaxmill Sheds Reserve	11	23,203	22,526
Recreation Reserve	11	121,599	118,048
Commercial Reserve	11	483,828	469,701
Bush Fire Radios Reserve	11	15,219	14,775
Infrastructure Reserve	11	13,705	13,305
Bridges Reserve	11	281	273
Medical Services Reserve	11	4,847	4,705
Swimming Pool Reserve	11	35,147	14,705
Town Hall Reserve	11	1 1,878	1 824
Admin Office Building Reserve Aged Accommodation Reserve	11	1,676 24,327	1,824 23,616
Road Contributions Reserve	11	20,291	19,699
IT Reserve	11	19,418	18,851
Transfer Station Reserve	11	87	84
Caravan Park Reserve	11	116,650	113,244
Library Furniture Reserve	11	1,017	987
Unspent Grants	2(c)	340,608	136,807
Unspent Loans	21(c)	400,000	400,000
		2,052,411	1,593,535
4. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES			
Current			
Rates Outstanding		150,207	59,935
Sundry Debtors		129,328	49,921
GST Receivable		79,981	144,247
Prepaid Expenses		8,220	0
		367,736	254,103
Non-Current			
5. INVENTORIES			
Current			
Fuel and Materials		3,388	9,051
New Comment		3,388	9,051
Non-Current			
Land Held for Resale - Cost		0	0
Cost of Acquisition Development Costs		0	0
Development dode			

	2014 \$	2013 \$
6. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		
Land and Buildings Freehold Land at:		
- Fair Value	2,434,500	2,434,500
- rain value	2,434,500	2,434,500
Total Land	2,434,500	2,434,500
Specialised Buildings at:		
- Fair Value	10,532,950	10,532,950
- Additions	194,049	0
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(540,051)	0
	10,186,948	10,532,950
Total Buildings	10,186,948	10,532,950
Total Land and Buildings	12,621,448	12,967,450
Furniture and Equipment at:		
- Fair Value	54,600	54,600
- Additions	64,150	0
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(23,877)	0
	94,873	54,600
Plant and Equipment at:		
- Fair Value	1,555,865	1,602,237
- Additions	147,047	0
Sales not yet finalised	0	Ō
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(52,408)	0
	1,650,504	1,602,237
	14,366,825_	14,624,287

#### 6. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

#### Land and Buildings:

The Shire's Land was revalued at 30 June 2013 by independent valuation. All of the valuations were made on the basis of open market values of similar assets (Level 2 inputs in the fair value hierarchy) and residual values.

The revaluation resulted in an overall increase of \$1,344,080 in the net value of the Shire's land. All of this increase was credited to the revaluation surplus in the Shire's equity (refer Note 12(b) for further details) and was recognised as changes on Revaluation of non-current assets in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

The Shire's Buildings were revalued at 30 June 2013 by independent valuation. All of the valuations were made on the basis of open market values of similar assets (Level 2 inputs in the fair value hierarchy), residual values and remaining estimated useful life (Level 3 inputs).

The revaluation resulted in an overall increase of \$6,980,702 in the net value of the Shire's land. All of this increase was credited to the revaluation surplus in the Shire's equity (refer Note 12(b) for further details) and was recognised as changes on Revaluation of non-current assets in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

#### Furniture and Equipment Plant and Equipment:

The Shires Furniture and Equipment were revalued at 30 June 2013 by management valuation having regard for the their current replacement cost, condition assessment (Level 2 inputs in the fair value hierarchy), residual values and remaining estimated useful life (level 3 inputs).

Given the significance of level 3 inputs into the overall fair value measurement, the assets are deemed to have been valued using level 3 inputs.

These level 3 inputs are based on assumptions with regards to future values and patterns of consumption utilising current information. If the basis of these assumptions were varied, they have the potential to result in a significantly higher or lower fair value measurement.

The Shire's Plant & Equipment was revalued at 30 June 2013 by management valuation. All of the valuations were made on the basis of open market values of similar assets adjusted for condition and comparability (Level 2 inputs in the fair value hierarchy).

The revaluation resulted in an overall decrease of \$406,148 in the net value of the Shire's plant and equipment. All of this increase was credited to the revaluation surplus in the Shire's equity (refer Note 12(b) for further details) and was recognised as changes on Revaluation of non-current assets in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

#### 6. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

#### (a) Movements in Carrying Amounts

Movement in the carrying amounts of each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year.

·		Balance at the Beginning of the Year	Additions	(Disposals)	Revaluation Increments/ (Decrements)	Impairment (Losses)/ Reversals \$	Depreciation (Expense)	Carrying Amount at the End of Year
Freehold Land	(Level 2)	2,434,500	0	0	0	0	0	2,434,500
Total Land		2,434,500		0	0	<u>_</u>	0	2,434,500
Specialised Buildings Total Buildings	(Level 3)	10,532,950 10,532,950	194,049 194,049	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	(540,051) (540,051)	10,186,948 10,186,948
Total Land and Buildings		12,967,450	194,049	0	0		(540,051)	12,621,448
Furniture and Equipment	(Level 3)	54,600	64,150	0	0	0	(23,877)	94,873
Plant and Equipment	(Level 2)	1,602,237	147,047	(62,757)	17,364	0	(53,387)	1,650,504
Total Property, Plant and Equipment		14,624,287	405,246	(62,757)	17,364	0	(617,315)	14,366,825

	2014 \$	2013 \$
7. INFRASTRUCTURE		
Roads		
- Fair Value	106,491,537	105,675,354
- Additions	1,255,783	816,183
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(36,811,432)	(34,920,131)
	70,935,888	71,571,406
Footpaths		
- At Cost	139,331	125,662
- Additions	0	13,669
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(16,510)	(13,723)
	122,821	125,608
Drainage		
- At Cost	613,540	359,839
- Additions	41,068	253,700
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(13,117)	(4,411)
	641,491	609,128
Bridges		
- At Cost	0	0
- Additions	364,000	0
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(1,660)	0
	362,340	0
Parks & Ovals		
- At Cost	121,862	121,862
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(40,352)	(35,105)
	81,510	86,757
Other Infrastructure		
- Fair Value	191,589	130,506
- Additions	25,646	61,083
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(49,682)	(34,929)
	167,553	156,660
Recreation Infrastructure		
- At Cost	348,908	337,234
- Additions	0	11,675
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(154,737)	(135,408)
	194,171	213,501
	72,505,774	72,763,060

### Roads:

The Shire's Roads were revalued at 30 June 2013 by independent valuation. This independent valuation consisted of a desktop update of the road inventory and resulted in the Shire revaluing its Road Assets to reflect the current replacement valuation less depreciation based on the current known condition.

### 7. INFRASTRUCTURE (Continued)

**Movements in Carrying Amounts** 

Movement in the carrying amounts of each class of infrastructure between the beginning and the end of the current financial year.

•		Balance as at the Beginning of the Year \$	Additions	(Disposals)	Revaluation Increments/ (Decrements)	Impairment (Losses)/ Reversals \$	Depreciation (Expense)	Carrying Amount at the End of Year \$
Roads	(Level 3)	71,571,406	1,255,783	0	0	0	(1,891,301)	70,935,888
Footpaths	(Level 3)	125,608	0	0	0	0	(2,787)	122,821
Drainage	(Level 3)	609,128	41,068	0	0	0	( 8,706)	641,490
Bridges	(Level 3)	0	364000	0	0	0	( 1,660)	<b>362,3</b> 40
Parks & Ovals	(Level 3)	86,757	0	0	0	0	( 5,247)	81,510
Other Infrastructure	(Level 3)	156,660	25,646	0	0	0	(14,753)	167,553
Recreation Infrastructure	(Level 3)	213,501	0	0	0	0	(19,329)	194,172
Total		72,763,060	1,686,497	0	0	0	(1,943,783)	72,505,774

		2014 \$	<b>2013</b> \$
8. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES			
Current Sundry Creditors Accrued Interest on Debentures Accrued Salaries and Wages ATO Liabilities		308,324 9,351 70,164 39,469 427,308	373,164 12,160 52,806 62,857 500,987
9. LONG-TERM BORROWINGS			
Current Secured by Floating Charge Debentures		47,763 47,763	48,869 48,869
Non-Current Secured by Floating Charge Debentures		668,951 668,951	716,714 716,714
Additional detail on borrowings is provided in I	Note 21.		
10. PROVISIONS			
Analysis of Total Provisions			
Current Non-Current		516,998 34,619 551,617	455,327 35,713 491,040
	Provision for Annual Leave \$	Provision for Long Service Leave \$	Total \$
Opening balance at 1 July 2013 Additional provision Amounts used Balance at 30 June 2014	236,593 162,403 (149,389) 249,607	254,447 90,480 (42,917) 302,010	491,040 252,883 (192,306) 551,617

	2014 \$	2014 Budget \$	2013 \$
11. RESERVES - CASH BACKED		*	
(a) Leave Reserve	444 774	444 774	450.040
Opening Balance Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve	114,771	114,771 5,165	158,242
Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	3,452 (46,000)	5, 1 <del>0</del> 5	3,795 (47,266)
Amount Oseu / Transfer Hom Neserve	72,223	119,936	114,771
(b) Plant & Vehicle Reserve			
Opening Balance	7,705	7,705	143,312
Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve	237,692	181,247	114,643
Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	0	0	(250,250)
	245,397	188,952	7,705
(c) Building Reserve Opening Balance	584	584	25,973
Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve	17	25	6,011
Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	0	0	(31,400)
	601	609	584
(d) Depot Reserve			
Opening Balance	9,651	9,651	21,796
Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve	290	434	7,855
Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	0	0	(20,000)
	9,941	10,085	9,651
(e) Community Housing Reserve	27 200	27 200	26 462
Opening Balance Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve	37,298 12,955	37,298 13,511	36,163 9,135
Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	0	10,011	(8,000)
	50,253	50,809	37,298
(f) Emergency Reserve			
Opening Balance	37,345	37,345	36,470
Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve	1,123	1,680	875
Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	0	0	27.245
	38,468	39,025	37,345
(g) Insurance Claim Reserve Opening Balance	13,031	13,031	12,726
Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve	393	587	305
Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	0	0	0
	13,424	13,618	13,031
(h) Flaxmill Sheds Reserve			
Opening Balance	22,526	22,526	29,630
Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve	677	1,013	896
Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	22 202	23.530	(8,000)
	23,203	23,539	22,526
(i) Recreation Reserve Opening Balance	118,048	118,048	139,524
Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve	3,551	5,312	3,824
Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	0	0,5.2	(25,300)
	121,599	123,360	118,048

	2014 \$	2014 Budget \$	2013 \$
11. RESERVES - CASH BACKED (continued)		•	
(j) Commercial Reserve Opening Balance Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	469,701 14,127 0	469,701 21,137 0	1,046,889 27,534 (604,722)
Amount Osed / Translet Hom Neserve	483,828	490,838	469,701
(k) Bush Fire Radios Reserve			
Opening Balance Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	14,775 444 0	14,775 665 <u>0</u>	14,081 694
	15,219	15,440	14,775
(i) Infrastructure Reserve Opening Balance Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	13,305 400 0 13,705	13,305 599 0 13,904	20,806 499 (8,000) 13,305
(m) Bridges Reserve			
Opening Balance Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	273 8 0 281	273 0 0 273	47,958 11,315 (59,000) 273
(n) Medical Services Reserve		_	
Opening Balance Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	4,705 142 0 4,847	4,705 212 0 4,917	60,842 7,063 (63,200) 4,705
(o) Swimming Pool Reserve			
Opening Balance Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	14,705 20,442 0 35,147	14,705 20,661 0 35,366	9,446 10,259 (5,000) 14,705
(p) Town Hall Reserve			
Opening Balance Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	0 1 0	0 0 0	38,628 1,059 (39,687)
(q) Admin Office Building Reserve Opening Balance Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve	1,824 54	1,824 82	1,781 <b>43</b>
Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	<u>0</u> 1,878	1,906	1,824
(r) Aged Accommodation Reserve		23,616	23,063
Opening Balance Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	23,616 711 0 24,327	1,063 0 24,679	23,063 553 0 23,616

	2014 \$	2014 Budget \$	2013 \$
11. RESERVES - CASH BACKED (continued)		•	
(s) Road Contributions Reserve			
Opening Balance	19,699	19,699	18,836
Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve	592	886	863
Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	0	0	0
	20,291	20,585	19,699
(t) IT Reserve			
Opening Balance	18,851	18,851	79,414
Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve	567	849	2,151
Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	0	0	(62,714)
	19,418	19,700	18,851
(u) Transfer Station Reserve			
Opening Balance	84	84	62,374
Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve	3	3	1,710
Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	0	0	(64,000)
	87	87	84
(v) Caravan Park Reserve			
Opening Balance	113,244	113,244	109,627
Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve	3,406	5,096	3,617
Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	0	0	0
	116,650	118,340	113,244
(w) Library Furniture Reserve			
Opening Balance	987	987	798
Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve	30	45	189
Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	0	0	0
	1,017	1,032	987
TOTAL RESERVES	1,311,805	1,317,000	1,056,728
Total Opening Balance	1,056,728	1,056,728	2,138,379
Total Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve	301,077	260,272	214,888
Total Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	(46,000)	0	(1,296,539)
TOTAL RESERVES	1,311,805	1,317,000	1,056,728

All of the reserve accounts are supported by money held in financial institutions and match the amount shown as restricted cash in Note 3 to this financial report.

#### 11. RESERVES - CASH BACKED (continued)

In accordance with council resolutions in relation to each reserve account, the purpose for which the funds are set aside are as follows:

- (a) Leave Reserve
  - to be used to fund annual, sick and long service leave requirements
- (b) Plant & Vehicle Reserve
  - to be used for the purchase of items of plant including graders, trucksw, utes, sedans, etc
- (c) Building Reserve
  - to be used to fund future maintenance of Shire owned buildings including heritage buildings.
- (d) Depot Reserve
  - to be used to fund future requirements relating to the upgrade of depot facilities.
- (e) Community Housing Reserve
  - to be used for the maintenance of the Homeswest housing units in Forrest & Proctor Sts.
- (f) Emergency Reserve
  - to be used For emergency situations during and outside working hours for example trees on roads, minor flooding, car accidents and supply of services and materials deemed necessary in an emergency
- (g) Insurance Claim Reserve
  - to be used fund insurance claims excesses, where insurance claims are excessive in any one year.
- (h) Flaxmill Sheds Reserve
  - to be used to fund future requirements relating to maintenance and upgrade of the large sheds (storage) at the Flax Mill Complex.
- (i) Recreation Reserve
  - to be used to fund improvements to the Recreation Facilities and Grounds.
- (j) Commercial Reserve
  - to be used for future economic development, enhancement and promotion of the district.
- (k) Bush Fire Radios Reserve
  - to be used to fund bush fire radio changeocver and future radio requirements and for the maintenance of the bush fire radio tower.
- (I) Infrastructure Reserve
  - to be used for the development on infrastructure in the Shire.
- (m) Bridges Reserve
  - to be used to fund future requirements of bridge works.
- (n) Medical Services Reserve
  - to be used to fund future medical services requirements.
- (o) Swimming Pool Reserve
  - to be used to fund future major improvement/maintenance projects at the swimming pool.
- (p) Town Hall Reserve
  - to be used to fund future major improvement/maintenance projects at the Town Hall.
  - 0 Admin Office Building Reserve
    - to be used to fund future major improvements/additions to the Administration Centre.
- (q) Aged Accommodation Reserve
  - to be used to fund future requirements of Aged Accommodation.
  - 0 Road Contributions Reserve
    - to be used to set aside contributions from developers for road development when required.
- (r) IT Reserve
  - to be used to fund future Information Technology requirements.
- 0 Transfer Station Reserve
  - to be used to fund future upgrade to the Transfer Station.
- (s) Caravan Park Reserve
  - to be used to fund future upgrades to the Caravan Park.
- 0 Library Furniture Reserve
  - to be used to fund future library furniture needs.

The Reserves are not expected to be used within a set period as further transfers to the reserve are expected as funds are utilised.

12. REVALUATION SURPLUS	2014 \$	2013 \$
Revaluation surpluses have arisen on revaluation of the following classes of non-current assets:	A.	<b>4</b>
(a) Land & Buildings Opening Balance Revaluation Increment Revaluation Decrement	8,324,782 0 0 8,324,782	0 8,324,782 0 8,324,782
(b) Furniture & Equipment Opening Balance Revaluation Increment Revaluation Decrement	(180,622) 180,622 0 0	201,466 (382,088) (180,622)
(c) Plant & Equipment Opening Balance Revaluation Increment Revaluation Decrement	(406,148) 406,148 0 0	0 1,137,962 (1,544,110) (406,148)
(d) Roads Opening Balance Revaluation Increment Revaluation Decrement	27,539,543 0 0 27,539,543	27,539,543 0 27,539,543
TOTAL ASSET REVALUATION SURPLUS	35,864,325	35,277,555

### 13. NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

### (a) Reconciliation of Cash

For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash includes cash and cash equivalents, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Cash at the end of the reporting period is reconciled to the related items in the Statement of Financial Position as follows:

		2014 \$	2014 Budget \$	2013 \$
	Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,440,552	1,783,777	2,793,811
(b)	Reconciliation of Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities to Net Result			
	Net Result	(715,430)	639,429	(457,900)
	Depreciation	2,561,098	805,519	1,672,787
	(Profit)/Loss on Sale of Asset	2,483	(868)	(19,067)
	(Increase)/Decrease in Receivables	(113,633)	0	(112,034)
	(Increase)/Decrease in Inventories	5,663	0	633
	Increase/(Decrease) in Payables	(73,679)	0	267,840
	Increase/(Decrease) in Employee			
	Provisions	60,577	0	14,868
	Grants Contributions for			
	the Development of Assets	(1,576,674)	(1,862,373)	(460,690)
	Net Cash from Operating Activities	150,405	(418,293)	906,437
		2014		2013
(c)	Undrawn Borrowing Facilities	\$		\$
	Credit Standby Arrangements			
	Bank Overdraft limit	50,000		50,000
	Bank Overdraft at Balance Date	0		0
	Credit Card limit	10,000		10,000
	Credit Card Balance at Balance Date	0		0
	Total Amount of Credit Unused	60,000		60,000
				<del></del>
	Loan Facilities			
	Loan Facilities - Current	47,763		48,869
	Loan Facilities - Non-Current	668,951		716,714
	Total Facilities in Use at Balance Date	716,714		765,583
		·		
	Unused Loan Facilities at Balance Date	400,000		400,000

### 14. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

There are no known contingent liabilities which may have financial ramifications to Council.

	2014	2013
15. CAPITAL AND LEASING COMMITMENTS	\$	\$

### (a) Operating Lease Commitments

The Shire did not have any future operating lease commitments at the reporting date.

### (b) Capital Expenditure Commitments

The Shire did not have any future capital expenditure commitments at the reporting date.

### **16. JOINT VENTURE ARRANGEMENTS**

The Shire is not involved in any joint venture arrangements.

## 17. TOTAL ASSETS CLASSIFIED BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY

	2014	2013
	\$	\$
Governance	2,339	2.000
Law, Order, Public Safety	32,199	30,050
Health	1,196,939	1,307,450
Education and Welfare	901,854	2,405,800
Housing	2,623,141	2,995,000
Community Amenities	81,185	794,019
Recreation and Culture	4,034,079	4,303,881
Transport	72,569,680	73,572,816
Economic Services	735,738	925,831
Other Property and Services	2,260,944	757,500
Unallocated	5,246,177	3,349,965
	89,684,275	90,444,312

	2014	2013	2012
18. FINANCIAL RATIOS			
Current Ratio	0.83	1.64	0.81
Asset Sustainability Ratio	0.81	1.43	1.31
Debt Service Cover Ratio	3.38	11 42	17.85
Operating Surplus Ratio	(0.70)	(0.29)	0.04
Own Source Revenue Coverage Ratio	(0.50)	0.59	0.66
Own Source (Corellad Sorelage (Califo	(0.00)	0.00	0.00
The above ratios are calculated as follows:			
Current Ratio		ts minus restricted	
	current liabilitie	s minus liabilities	associated
	with	restricted assets	
	21.1		***
Asset Sustainability Ratio		and replacement	
	Depr	eciation expenses	5
Debt Service Cover Ratio	annual operating surpl	lus hefore interest	and depreciation
		cipal and interest	and depressasion
	pm,	orpan and miorost	
Operating Surplus Ratio	operating reven	ue minus operatin	g expenses
	own sou	rce operating reve	enue
Own Source Revenue Coverage Ratio	own sou	rce operating reve	enue
	оре	erating expenses	

# Notes:

Information relating to the **Asset Consumption Ratio** and the **Asset Renewal Funding Ratio** can be found at Supplementary Ratio Information on Page 59 of this document.

### 19. TRUST FUNDS

Funds held at balance date over which the Shire has no control and which are not included in the financial statements are **as** follows:

<u></u> 0	Balance 1 July 2013 \$	Amounts Received \$	Amounts Paid (\$)	Balance 30 June 2014 \$	
Bonds - Relocated Houses	21,556	0	(5,121)	16,435	
Bonds - Council Houses	3,252	0	(1,620)	1,632	
Deposits - Hall Hirings	495	970	(275)	1,190	
Fruit Fly Baiting Scheme	5,397	0	Ò	5,397	
Deposits - Kerbing	1,400	0	0	1,400	
BB Community Foundation	315	0	0	315	
Road Contributions	9	0	0	9	
Interest on Trust Monies	87	355	0	442	
Nomination Deposits	0	480	(480)	0	
Police Licensing	0	636,757	(636,757)	0	
Bonds - Commercial	0	390	ó	390	
	32,511			27,210	

### 20. DISPOSALS OF ASSETS - 2013/14 FINANCIAL YEAR

The following assets were disposed of during the year.

	Net Book Value		Sale Price		Profit (Loss)	
Ī	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Plant and Equipment						
Transport						
CAT Traxcavator	9,933	0	10,000	0	67	0
Other Property and Services						
Holden Equippe Sedan	17,364	16,492	17,364	17,360	0	868
Holden Colorado LTZ	35,460	0	32,910	0	(2,550)	0
	62,757	16,492	60,274	17,360	(2,483)	868

Profit	67	868
Loss	(2,550)	0
	(2,483)	868

### 21. INFORMATION ON BORROWINGS

### (a) Repayments - Debentures

		Principal		Principal		Principal		Interest	
		1 July	New	Repa	yments	30 June 2014		Repayments	
		2013	Loans	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget
Particulars		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Health						Ì			
Medical Practitioner House	Loan 102	33,010		7,492	7,492	25,518	25,518	2,028	2,484
Education and Welfare									
Land Development	Loan 118	400,000		12,280	12,280	387,720	387,720	19,291	19,054
Housing							•	.	· /
1 Rogers Avenue	Loan 115	84,835		4,503	4,502	80,332	80,332	4,990	4,990
Community AmenIties									·
Landfill & Transfer Station	Loan 112	21,096		3,389	2,298	17,707	17,707	2,120	1,374
Recreation and Culture									· 1
Swimming Pool Bowl	Loan 114	154,282		8,183	8,183	146,099	146,099	9,090	9,089
Economic Services								· 1	· 1
Flaxmill Complex Upgrade	Loan 106	23,383		4,575	4,574	18,808	18,809	1,598	1,910
Flaxmill Site Water Upgrade	Loan 109	24,513		5,867	3,973	18,646	18,647	2,166	1,625
Other Property and Services									- '
Admin Building Roof Replacement	Loan 110	24,464		2,580	1,747	21,884	21,885	2,286	1,497
•		765,583	0	48,869	45,049	716,714	716,717	43,569	42,023

<sup>(\*)</sup> Self supporting loan financed by payments from third parties.
All other loan repayments were financed by general purpose revenue.

### 21. INFORMATION ON BORROWINGS (Continued)

## (b) New Debentures - 2013/14

The Shire did not take up any new debentures during the year ended 30 June 2014.

## (c) Unspent Debentures

Particulars	Date Borrowed	Balance 1 July 13 \$	Borrowed During Year \$	Expended During Year \$	Balance 30 June 14 \$
Land Acquisition	26/04/2013	400,000	0	0	400,000
		400,000	0	0	400,000

## (d) Overdraft

Council has an overdraft facility of \$50,000 to assist with short term liquidity requirements. The balance of the bank overdraft at 1 July 2013 and 30 June 2014 was \$nil.

### 22. RATING INFORMATION - 2013/14 FINANCIAL YEAR

(a) Rates	Rate in	Number of Properties	Rateable Value s	Rate Revenue	Interim Rates	Back Rates	Total Revenue	Budget Rate Revenue	Budget Interim Rate	Budget Back Rate	Budget Total Revenue
RATE TYPE		700014100	ı Y	· •	•	· •	*	\$	\$	\$	\$
Uniform General Rate											
GRV Properties	0,1275	300	2,757,179	351,540	1,108		352,648	351,540	2,500	0	354,040
GRV Urban Townsite Properties	0.1275	9	64,582	8,234			8,234	8,234	o	0	8,234
UV Rural	0.005854	615	260,485,994	1,524,886	(1,718)		1,523,168	1,524,886	0	0	1,524,886
UV Urban Townsites	0.005854	1	168,000	983	1		983	983	0	0	983
UV - Mining	0,005854	0	0	0			0				0
Sub-Totals		925	263,475,755	1,885,643	(610)	0	1,885,033	1,885,643	2,500	0	1,888,143
	Minimum										
Minimum Payment	_ \$										
GRV Properties	707	35	115,374	24,745			24,745	24,745			24,745
GRV Urban Townsite Properties	707	2	10,500	1,414			1,414	1,414			1,414
UV Rural	707	234	21,878,946	165,438			165,438	165,438	ŀ		165,438
UV Urban Townsites	707	52	2,680,500	36,764			36,764	36,764			36,764
UV - Mining	707	21	374,722	14,847			14,847	14,847			14,847
Sub-Totals		344	25,060,042	243,208	0	0	243,208	243,208	0	0	243,208
							2,128,241				2,131,351
Discounts (refer note 25.)							0				0
Total Amount Raised From General Rate							2,128,241				2,131,351
Specified Area Rate (refer note 23.)							0				0
Totals							2,128,241				2,131,351

## 22. RATING INFORMATION - 2013/14 FINANCIAL YEAR (Continued)

## (b) Information on Surplus/(Deficit) Brought Forward

	2014 (30 June 2014 Carried Forward) \$	2014 (1 July 2013 Brought Forward) \$	2013 (30 June 2013 Carried Forward) \$
Surplus/(Deficit) 1 July 13 Brought Forward	1,148,692	1,569,866	1,569,866
Comprises:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents			
Unrestricted	388,141	1,200,276	1,200,276
Restricted	2,052,411	1,593,535	1,593,535
Receivables			
Rates Outstanding	150,512	59,935	59,935
Sundry Debtors	129,328	49,921	49,921
GST Receivable	79,981	144,247	144,247
Prepaid Expenses	8,220	0	0
Inventories			
Fuel and Materials	3,388	9,051	9,051
Less:			
Trade and other Payables			
Sundry Creditors	(308,629)	(373,164)	(373,164)
Accrued Interest on Debentures	(9,351)	(12,160)	(12,160)
Accrued Salaries and Wages	(70,164)	(52,806)	(52,806)
ATO Liabilities	(39,469)	(62,857)	(62,857)
0	0	0	0
Current Portion of Long Term Borrowings			
Secured by Floating Charge Debentures	(47,763)	(48,869)	(48,869)
Provisions	(2 (2 22)	(***)	
Provision for Annual Leave	(249,607)	(236,593)	(236,593)
Provision for Long Service Leave	(267,391)	(218,734)	(218,734)
Net Current Assets	1,819,607	2,051,782	2,051,782
Less:	(4.244.002)	/4 0EC 700\	(4.050.700)
Reserves - Restricted Cash	(1,311,803)	(1,056,728)	(1,056,728)
Fuel and Materials Add:	(3,388)	(9,051)	(9,051)
	47 762	40 000	49.960
Secured by Floating Charge Debentures Leave Provisions	47,763 516,998	48,869 455,327	48,869 455,337
Accrued Interest on Debentures	9,351	455,327 12,160	455,327
Accrued Expenses	70,164	67,507	12,160 67,507
Accided Expenses	70,104	07,007	106,10
Surplus/(Deficit)	1,148,692	1,569,866	1,569,866

### Difference

There was no difference between the Surplus/(Deficit) 1 July 2013 Brought Forward position used in the 2014 audited financial report and the Surplus/(Deficit) Carried Forward position as disclosed in the 2013 audited financial report.

### 23. SPECIFIED AREA RATE - 2013/14 FINANCIAL YEAR

The Shire did not impose any Specified Area Rates.

### 24. SERVICE CHARGES - 2013/14 FINANCIAL YEAR

The Shire did not impose any service charges.

# 25. DISCOUNTS, INCENTIVES, CONCESSIONS, & WRITE-OFFS - 2013/14 FINANCIAL YEAR

Туре	Disc %	Total Cost/ Value	Budget Cost/ Value
		\$	\$
		0	0

No discount on rates is available.

### 26. INTEREST CHARGES AND INSTALMENTS - 2013/14 FINANCIAL YEAF

	Interest Rate %	Admin. Charge \$	Revenue \$	Budgeted Revenue \$
Interest on Unpaid Rates	11.00%		20,107	12,800
Interest on Instalments Plan	5.50%		6,273	5,000
Charges on Instalment Plan	[ ]	12	7,344	8,000
		·	33,724	25,800

Ratepayers had the option of paying rates in four equal instalments, due on 18 October 2013, 18 December 2013, 18 February 2014 and 18 April 2014. Administration charges and interest applied for the final three instalments.

	2014	2013
27, FEES & CHARGES	\$	\$
Governance	20	439
General Purpose Funding	14,994	7,141
Law, Order, Public Safety	9,640	6,666
Health	653,778	628,005
Housing	42,386	44,186
Community Amenities	112,704	103,332
Recreation and Culture	40,878	47,177
Transport	1,856	31,222
Economic Services	82,582	74,696
Other Property and Services	26,911	8,999
	985,749	951,863

There were no changes during the year to the amount of the fees or charges detailed in the original budget.

### 28. GRANT REVENUE

Grants, subsidies and contributions are included as operating revenues in the Statement of Comprehensive Income:

By Nature or Type: Operating Grants, Subsidies and Contributions Non-Operating Grants, Subsidies and Contributions	2014 \$ 946,195 1,576,674 2,522,869		2013 \$ 1,264,256 460,690 1,724,948
By Program:			
General Purpose Funding	505,296		977,970
Law, Order, Public Safety	50,926		44,016
Education and Weifare	10,358		17,957
Recreation and Culture	15,000		27,477
Transport	1,904,284		570,578
Economic Services	5,000		20,999
Other Property and Services	32,005		65,949
	2,522,869		1,724,946
29. EMPLOYEE NUMBERS			
The number of full-time equivalent			
employees at balance date	28		28
	2014	2014	2013
30. ELECTED MEMBERS REMUNERATION	\$	Budget	\$
The following fees, expenses and allowances were paid to council members and/or the president.		\$	
Meeting Fees	60,913	62.215	59.535
President's Allowance	6,270	6,270	6,000
Deputy President's Allowance	1,568	1.568	1,500
Travelling Expenses	6,220	5,350	5,277
Telecommunications Allowance	9,239	9,450	9,145
	84,210	84,853	81,457
		————	

### 31. MAJOR LAND TRANSACTIONS

Council did not participate in any major land transactions during the 2013/14 financial year.

## 32. TRADING UNDERTAKINGS AND MAJOR TRADING UNDERTAKINGS

Council did not participate in any trading undertakings or major trading undertakings during the 2013/14 financial year.

#### 33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Council's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks including price risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The Council's overall risk management focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Council.

Council does not engage in transactions expressed in foreign currencies and is therefore not subject to foreign currency risk.

Financial risk management is carried out by the finance area under policies approved by the Council.

The Council held the following financial instruments at balance date:

	Carrying	y Value	Fair \	/alue
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	2,440,552	2,793,811	2,440,552	2,793,811
Receivables	367,736	254,103	367,736	254,103
	2,808,288	3,047,914	2,808,288	3,047,914
Financial Liabilities				
Payables	427,308	500, <b>9</b> 87	427,308	500,987
Borrowings	716,714	765,583	535,962	551,694
	1,144,022	1,266,570	963,270	1,052,681

Fair value is determined as follows:

- Cash and Cash Equivalents, Receivables, Payables estimated to the carrying value which approximates net market value.
- Borrowings, Held to Maturity Investments, estimated future cash flows discounted by the current market interest rates applicable to assets and liabilities with similar risk profiles.
- Financial Assets at Fair Value through profit and loss, Available for Sale Financial Assets based on quoted market prices at the reporting date or independent valuation.

#### 33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(a) Cash and Cash Equivalents
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss
Available-for-sale financial assets
Held-to-maturity investments

Council's objective is to maximise its return on cash and investments whilst maintaining an adequate level of liquidity and preserving capital. The finance area manages the cash and investments portfolio with the assistance of independent advisers (where applicable). Council has an investment policy and the policy is subject to review by Council. An Investment Report is provided to Council on a monthly basis setting out the make-up and performance of the portfolio.

The major risk associated with investments is price risk - the risk that the capital value of investments may fluctuate due to changes in market prices, whether these changes are caused by factors specific to individual financial instruments of their issuers or factors affecting similar instruments traded in a market.

Cash and investments are also subject to interest rate risk - the risk that movements in interest rates could affect returns.

Another risk associated with cash is credit risk – the risk that a contracting entity will not complete its obligations under a financial instrument resulting in a financial loss to Council.

Council manages these risks by diversifying its portfolio and only investing in registered commercial banks. Council also seeks advice from independent advisers (where applicable) before placing any cash and investments.

	2014 \$	2013 \$
Impact of a 1% <sup>(1)</sup> movement in interest rates on cash		
- Equity	24,406	27,938
Statement of Comprehensive Income	24,406 <sup>(2)</sup>	27, <del>9</del> 38 <sup>(*)</sup>

#### Notes:

(2) Maximum impact.

<sup>(1)</sup> Sensitivity percentages based on management's expectation of future possible market movements.

## 33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

### (b) Receivables

Council's major receivables comprise rates and annual charges and user charges and fees. The major risk associated with these receivables is credit risk – the risk that the debts may not be repaid. Council manages this risk by monitoring outstanding debt and employing debt recovery policies. It also encourages ratepayers to pay rates by the due date through incentives.

Credit risk on rates and annual charges is minimised by the ability of Council to recover these debts as a secured charge over the land – that is, the land can be sold to recover the debt. Council is also able to charge interest on overdue rates and annual charges at higher than market rates, which further encourages payment.

The level of outstanding receivables is reported to Council monthly and benchmarks are set and monitored for acceptable collection performance.

Council makes suitable provision for doubtful receivables as required and carries out credit checks on most non-rate debtors.

There are no material receivables that have been subject to a re-negotiation of repayment terms.

The profile of the Council's credit risk at balance date was:

	2014	2013
Percentage of Rates and Annual Charges		
- Current - Overdue	0% 100%	0% 100%
Percentage of Other Receivables		
- Current - Overdue	76% 24%	87% 13%

### 33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (c) Payables

#### Borrewings

Payables and borrowings are both subject to liquidity risk – that is the risk that insufficient funds may be on hand to meet payment obligations as and when they fall due. Council manages this risk by monitoring its cash flow requirements and liquidity levels and maintaining an adequate cash buffer. Payment terms can be extended and overdraft facilities drawn upon if required.

The contractual undiscounted cash flows of Council's Payables and Borrowings are set out in the Liquidity Sensitivity Table below:

<u>2014</u>	Due withIn 1 year \$	Due between 1 & 5 years \$	Due after 5 years \$	Total contractual cash flows \$	Carrying values \$
Payables Borrowings	427,308 85,837 513,145	319,934 319,934	628,384 628,384	427,308 1,034,155 1,461,463	427,308 716,714 1,144,022
<u> 2013</u>					
Payables Borrowings	500,987 86,301 587,288	332,601 332,601	708,704 708,704	500,987 1,127,606 1,628,593	500,987 765,583 1,266,570

### 33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (c) Payables

Borrowings (Continued)

Borrowings are also subject to interest rate risk - the risk that movements in interest rates could adversely affect funding costs. Council manages this risk by borrowing long term and fixing the interest rate to the situation considered the most advantageous at the time of negotiation.

The following tables set out the	he carrying amount, by maturity, of the financial instruments exposed to interest rate risk:					Weighted Average		
	<1 year \$	>1<2 years \$	>2<3 years \$	>3<4 years \$	>4<5 years \$	>5 years \$	Total \$	Effective Interest Rate %
Year Ended 30 June 2014			_					
Borrowings								
Fixed Rate								
Debentures	0	26,586	59,071	0	17,707	613,350	716,714	5.26%
Weighted Average Effective Interest Rate		5.37%	5.32%		5.19%	5.16%		
Year Ended 30 June 2013								
Borrowings								
Fixed Rate								
Debentures	0	. 0	33,010	69,365	0	663,208	765,583	5.32%
Weighted Average Effective Interest Rate			5.44%	5.32%		5.19%		



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE ELECTORS OF THE SHIRE OF BOYUP BROOK

### Report on the Financial Report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of the Shire of Boyup Brook, which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2014, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity, the rate setting statement, and the statement of cash flows for the year ended 30 June 2014, a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes, and the Chief Executive Officer's statement.

### Management's responsibility for the financial report

Management is responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, the Local Government Act 1995 (as amended) and the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 (as amended), and for such internal control as Management determines necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks and material misstatements of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Shire's preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Shire's internal controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by Council, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Independence

In conducting our audit, we followed applicable independence requirements of Australian professional ethical pronouncements.





Bunbury Office

Unit 1, 28-30 Wellington Street, PO Box 1306, Bunbury, WA 6231

Telephorie: (08) 9780 7555 Facsimile: (08) 9721 8982 Mandurah Office

197 Mandurah Terrace, PO Box 4250, Mandurah North, WA 6210

Telephone: (08) 9584 6600 Facsimile: (08) 9535 8840 Geraldton Office 156 Durlacher Street,

156 Durlacher Street, PO Box 288. Geraldton, WA 6531

Telephone: (08) 9964 5888 Facsimile: (08) 9964 5899

Email: amd@amdonline.com.au wv

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial report of the Shire of Boyup Brook

- i. gives a true and fair view of the Shire of Boyup Brook's financial position as at 30 June 2014 and of its performance for the financial year ended 30 June 2014;
- ii. complies with Australian Accounting Standards; and
- iii. is prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Local Government Act 1995 (as amended) and the Local Government (Financial Management) Regualtions 1996 (as amended).

#### **Statutory Compliance**

In accordance with the Local Government (Audit) Regulations 1996, we also report that:

- There are no matters that in our opinion indicate significant adverse trends in the financial position or the financial management practices of the Shire.
- ii. There are no other matters indicating non-compliance with Part 6 of the Local Government Act 1995 (as amended), the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 (as amended) or applicable financial controls of any other written law noted during the course of our audit, with exception to the following:
  - The 2013 Annual Compliance Audit Return was adopted by Council on 17 April 2014 and lodged with the Departmental CEO on 29 April 2014. This represents a breach of Section 15(1) of the Local Government (Audit) Regulations 1996, which requires the return to be lodged by 31 March.
  - The 2013/2014 Annual Budget was adopted by Council on 28 August 2013 and was forwarded to the Department CEO on 3 October 2013. This represents a breach of Section 33 of the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996, whereby the budget was not forwarded to the Departmental CEO within 30 days of its adoption by Council.
  - The 2013/2014 Annual Budget did not include related information on borrowings, including an
    estimate of the term of the repayment and an estimate of the interest rate and other charges payable
    in accordance with Section 29 (d) of the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations
    1996.
    - iii. The asset consumption ratio and the asset renewal funding ratio included in the annual financial report are supported by verifiable information and reasonable assumptions.
    - iv. All necessary information and explanations were obtained by us.
    - v. All audit procedures were satisfactorily completed during our audit.

**AMD Chartered Accountants** 

TIM PARTRIDGE Partner

Bunbury, Western Australia

Dated this 5th day of December 2014

### SHIRE OF BOYUP BROOK SUPPLEMENTARY RATIO INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2014

### **RATIO INFORMATION**

The following information relates to those ratios which only require attestation they have been checked and are supported by verifiable information. It does not form part of the audited financial report

	2014	2013	2012		
Asset Consumption Ratio	0.59	0.71	0.72		
Asset Renewal Funding Ratio  The above ratios are calculated as follows:	0.19	0.21	N/A		
Asset Consumption Ratio	depreciated replacement costs of assets current replacement cost of depreciable assets				
Asset Renewal Funding Ratio	NPV of planning capital renewal over 10 years NPV of required capital expenditure over 10 years				

N/A - In keeping with amendments to Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 50, comparatives for the two preceeding years (being 2012 and 2011) have not been reported as financial information is not available.